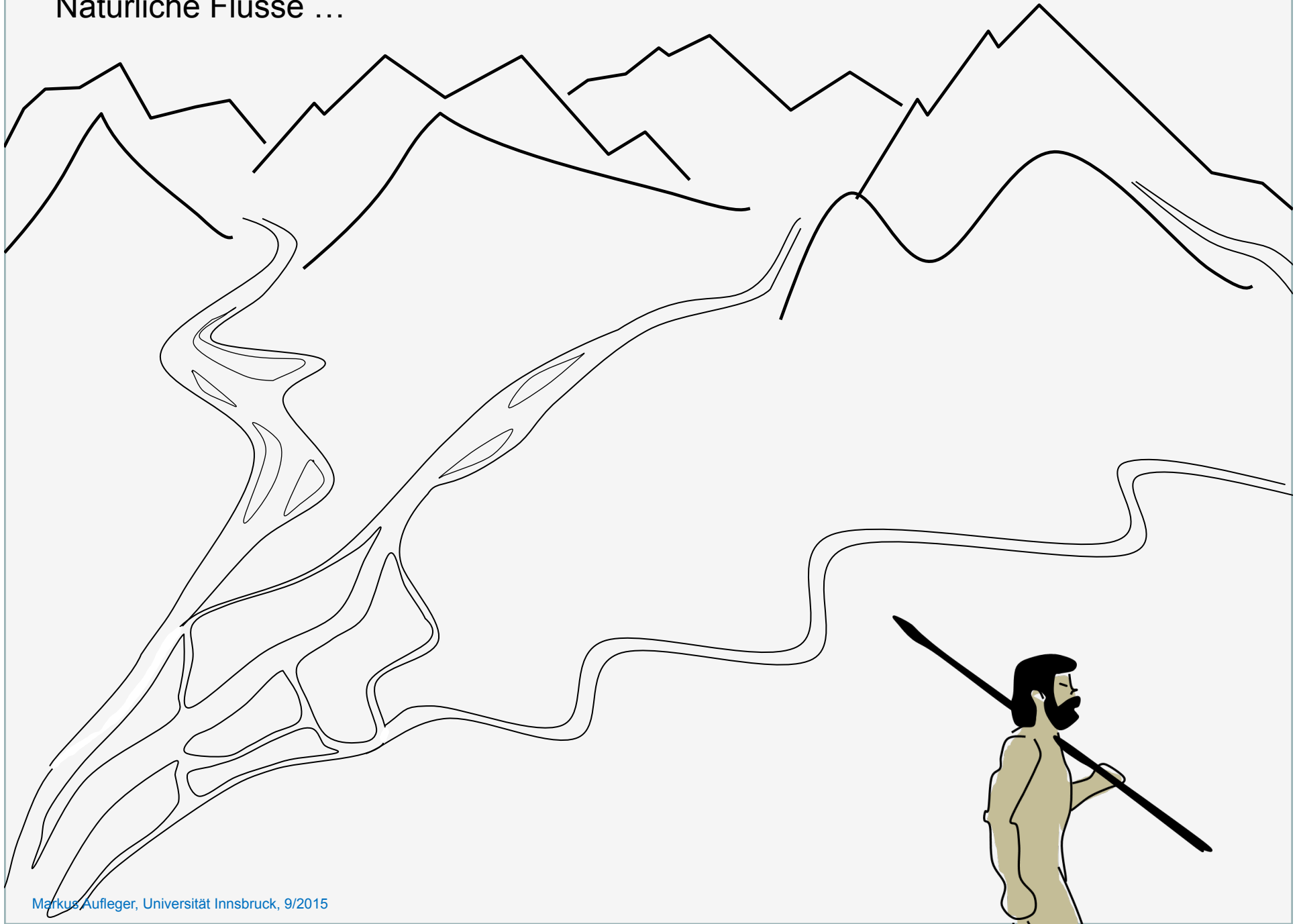


# Gesteigerter Hochwasserrückhalt durch naturnahe Retentionsräume und technische Schutzmaßnahmen

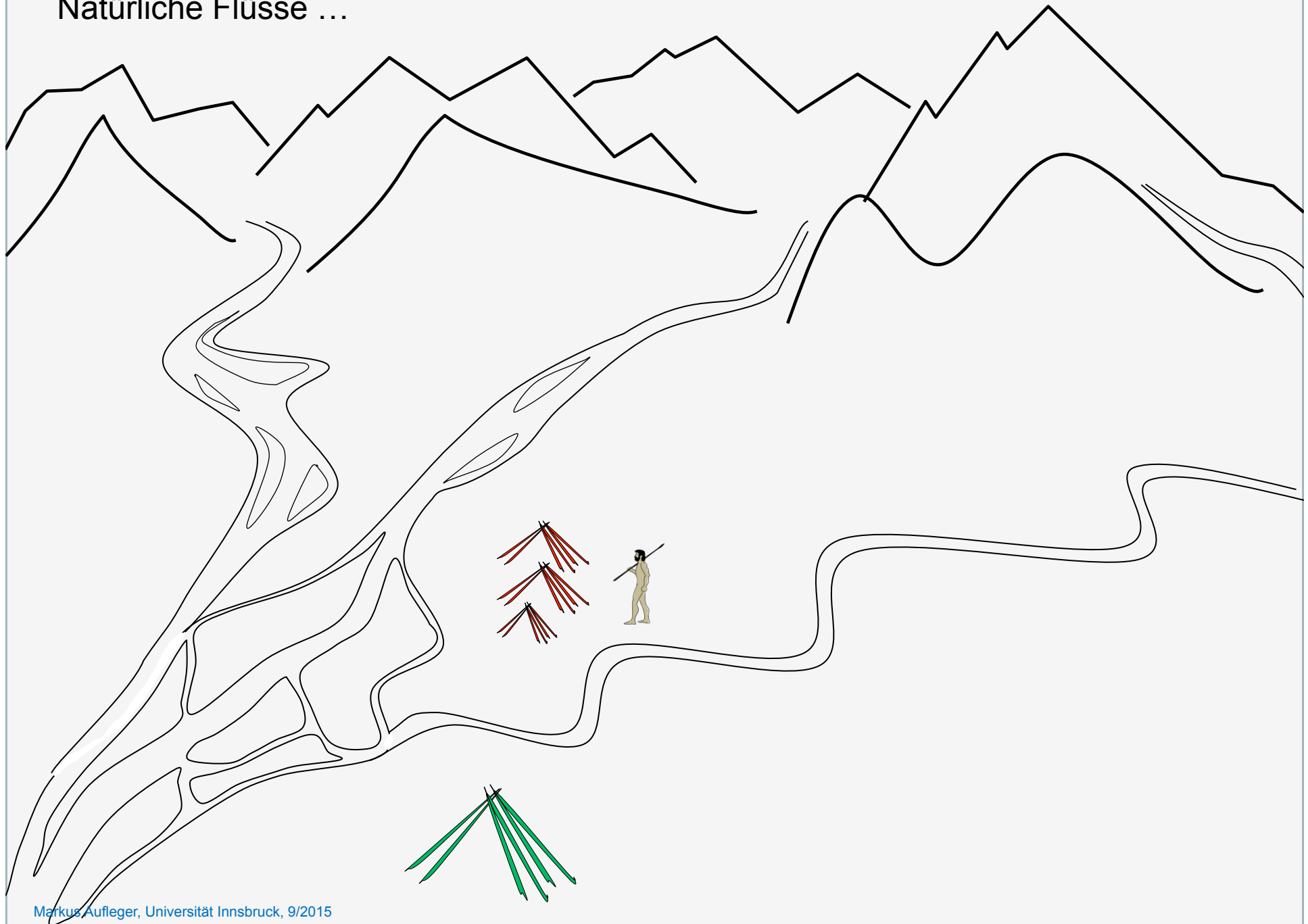
Markus Aufleger  
Münchsmünster, 25.9.2015

so war das ...

# Natürliche Flüsse ...

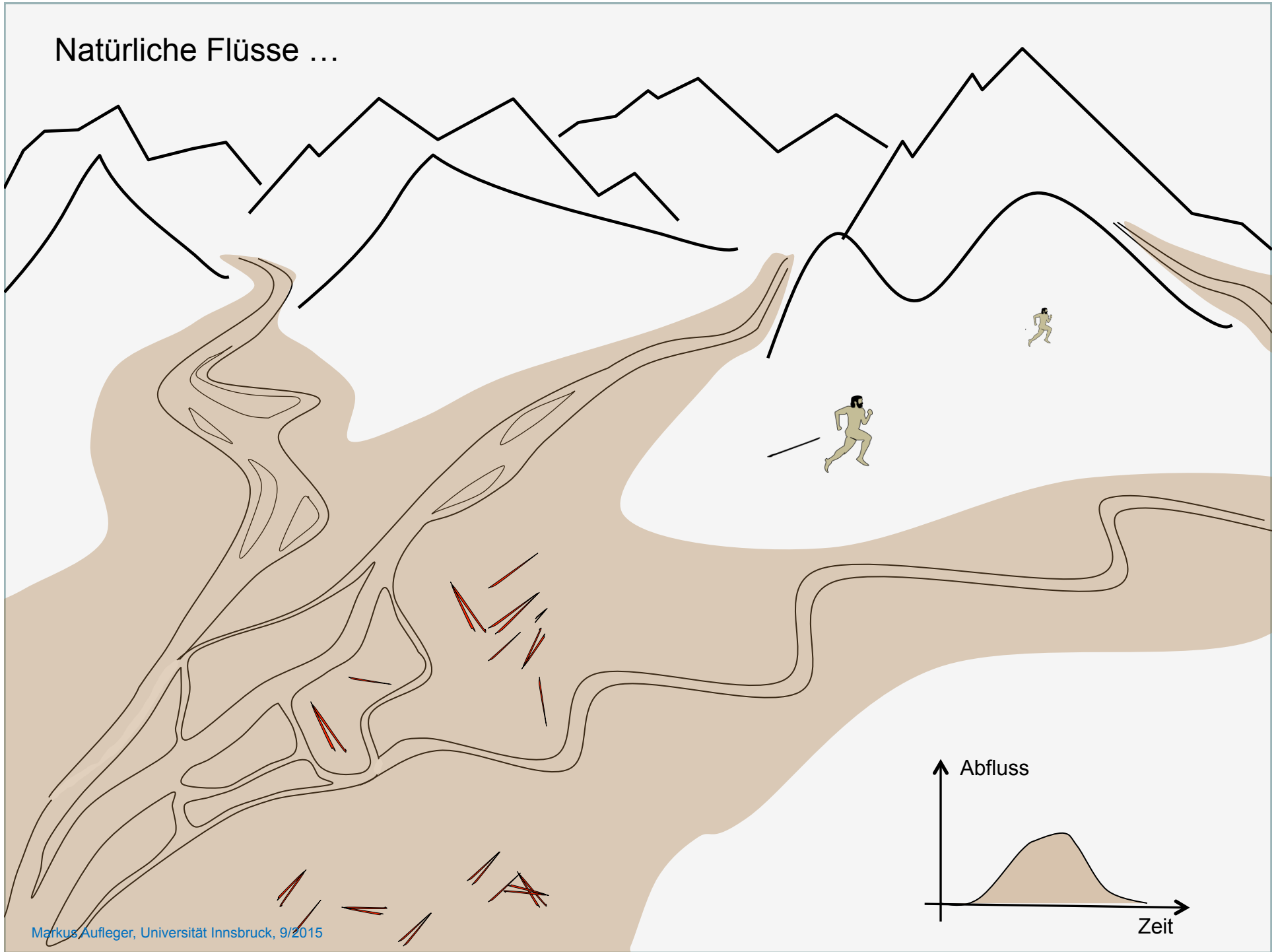


# Natürliche Flüsse ...

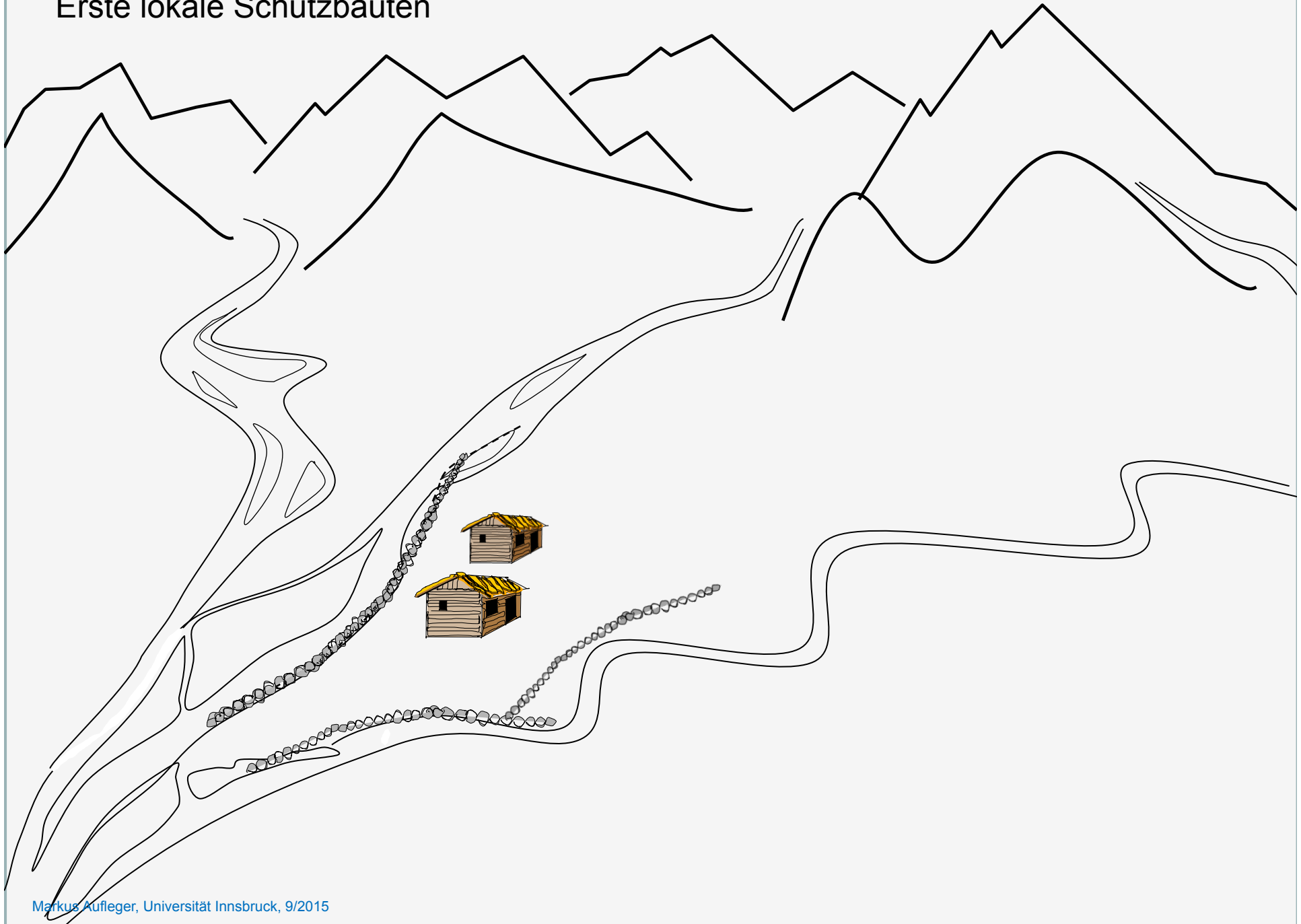




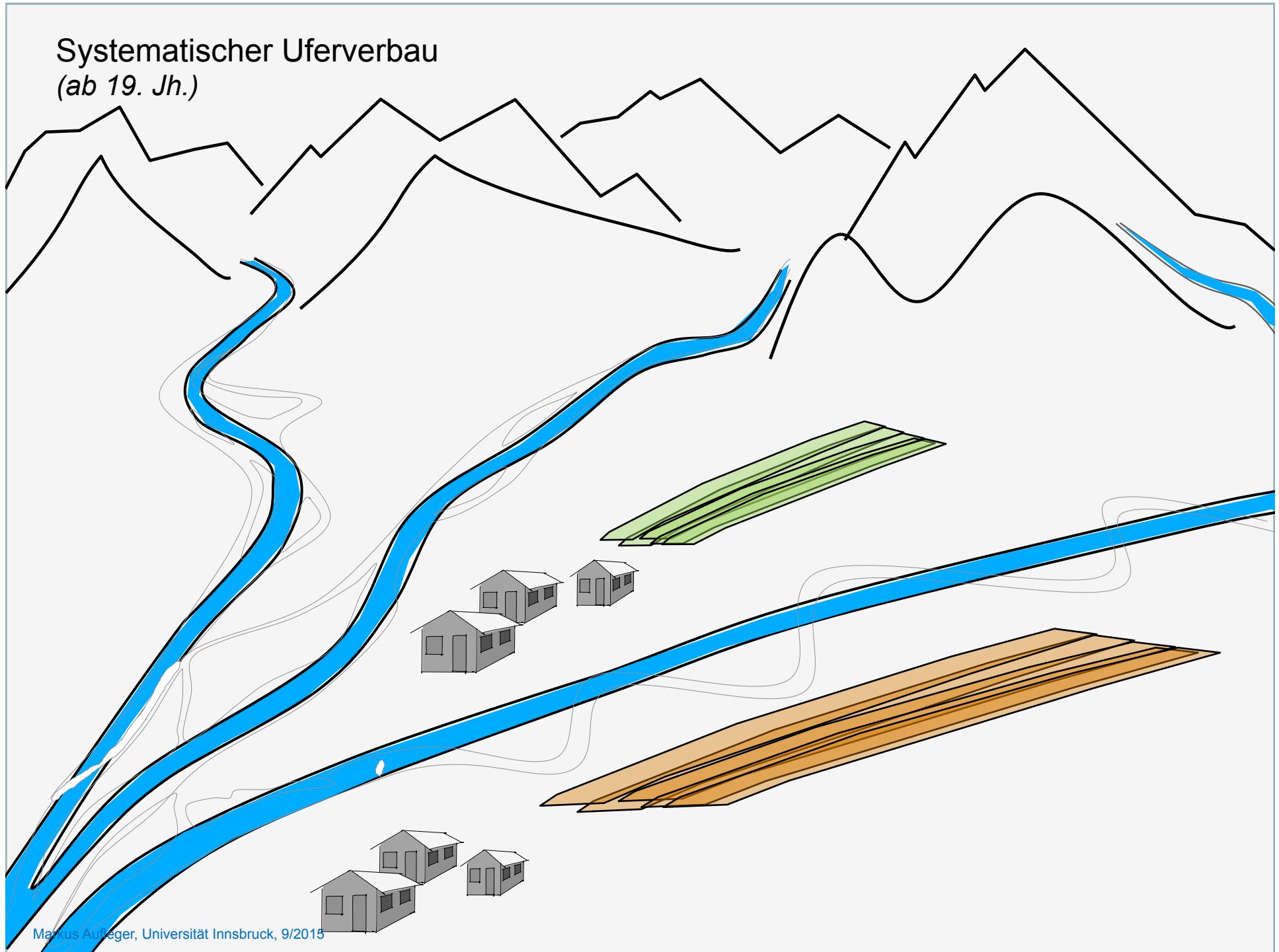
# Natürliche Flüsse ...



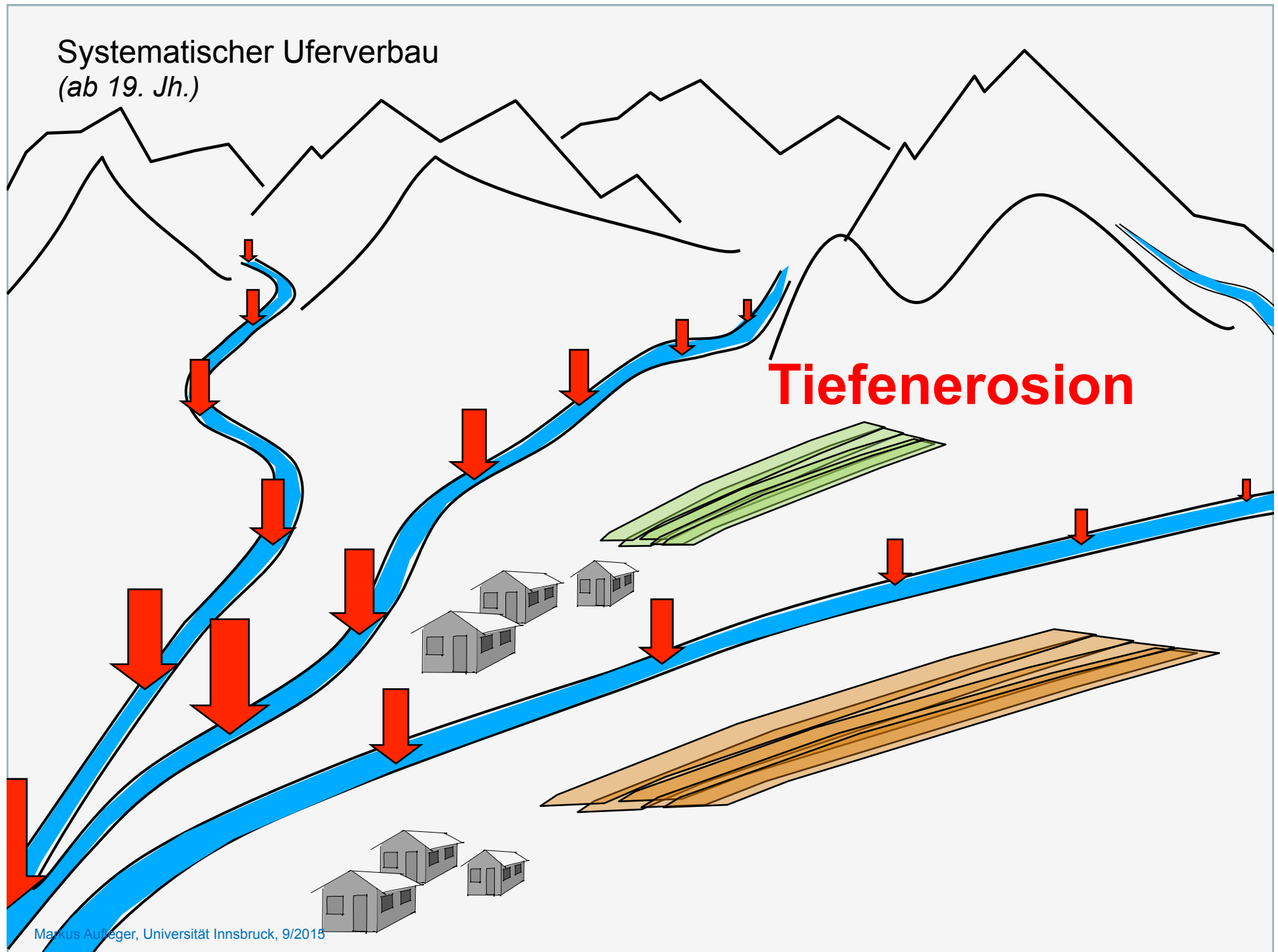
# Erste lokale Schutzbauten



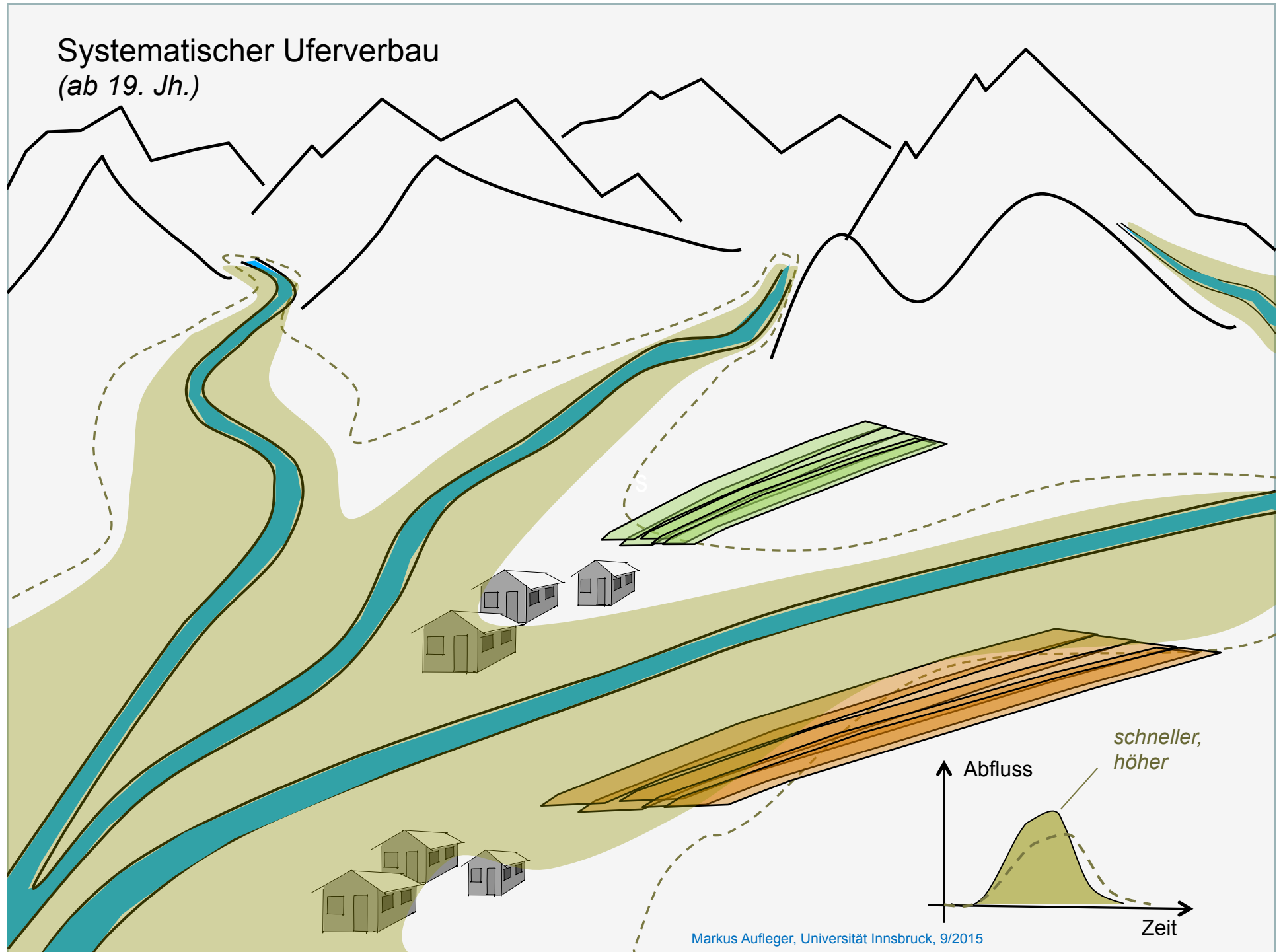
# Systematischer Uferverbau (ab 19. Jh.)



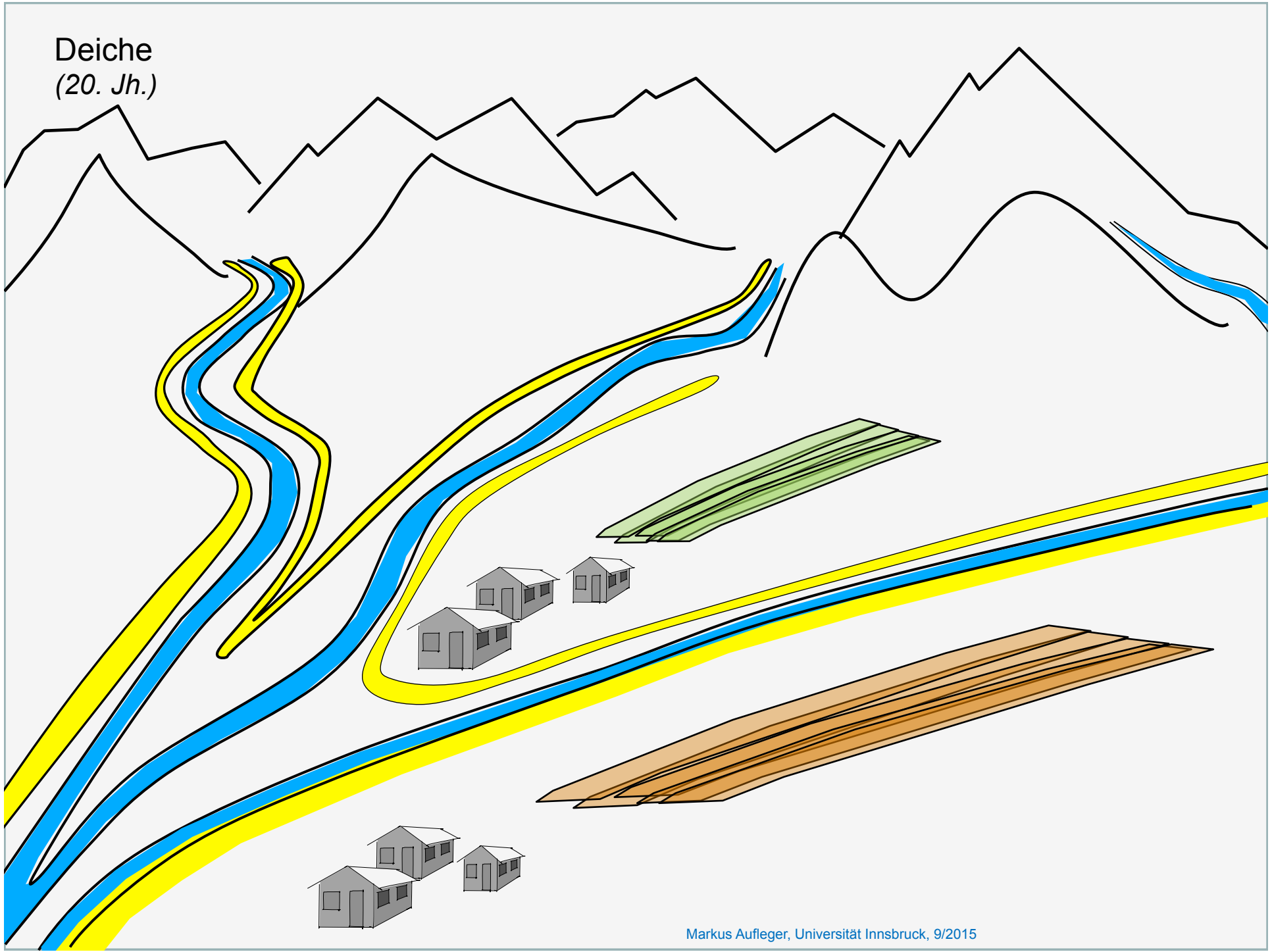
# Systematischer Uferverbau (ab 19. Jh.)



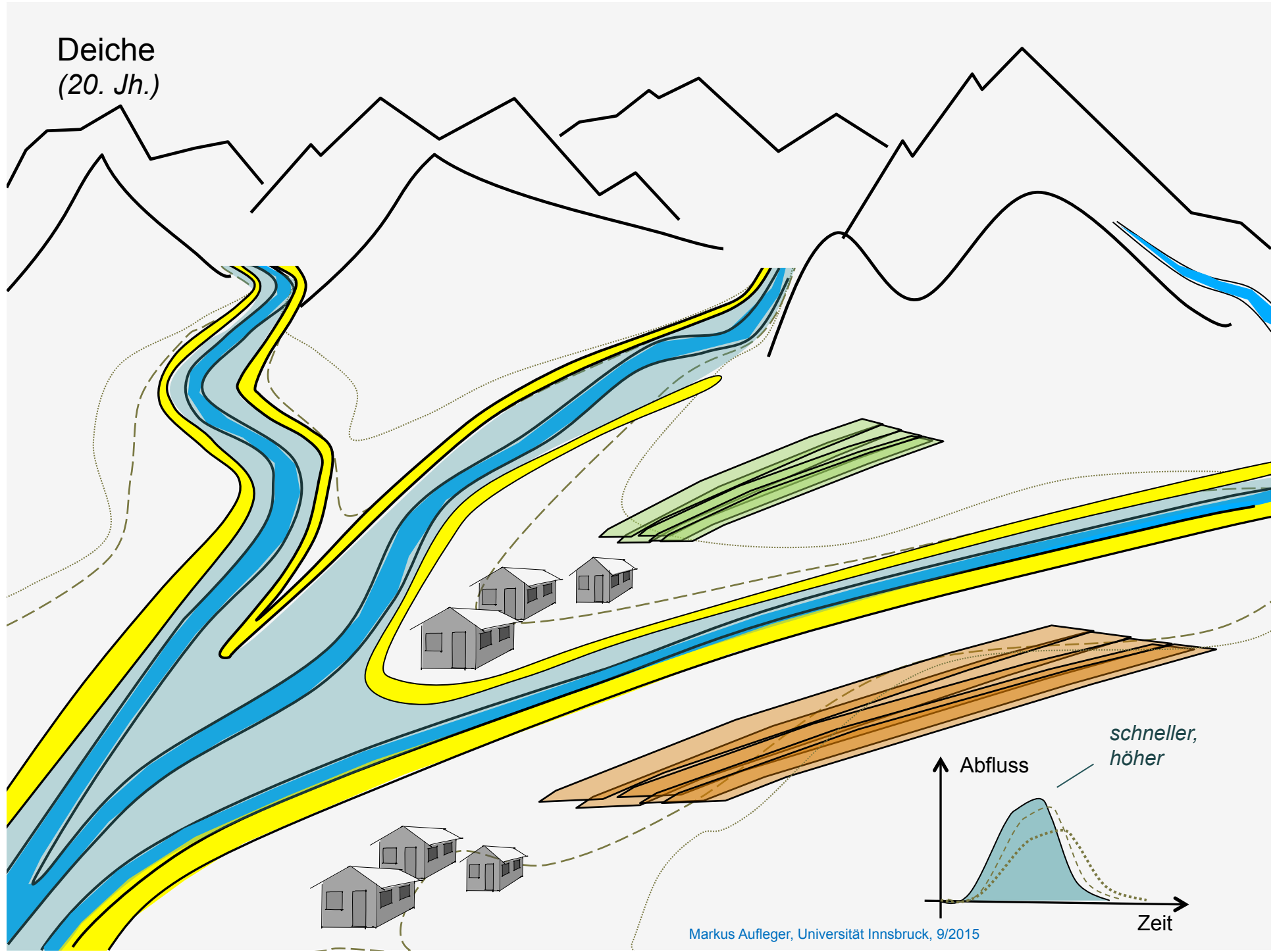
# Systematischer Uferverbau (ab 19. Jh.)



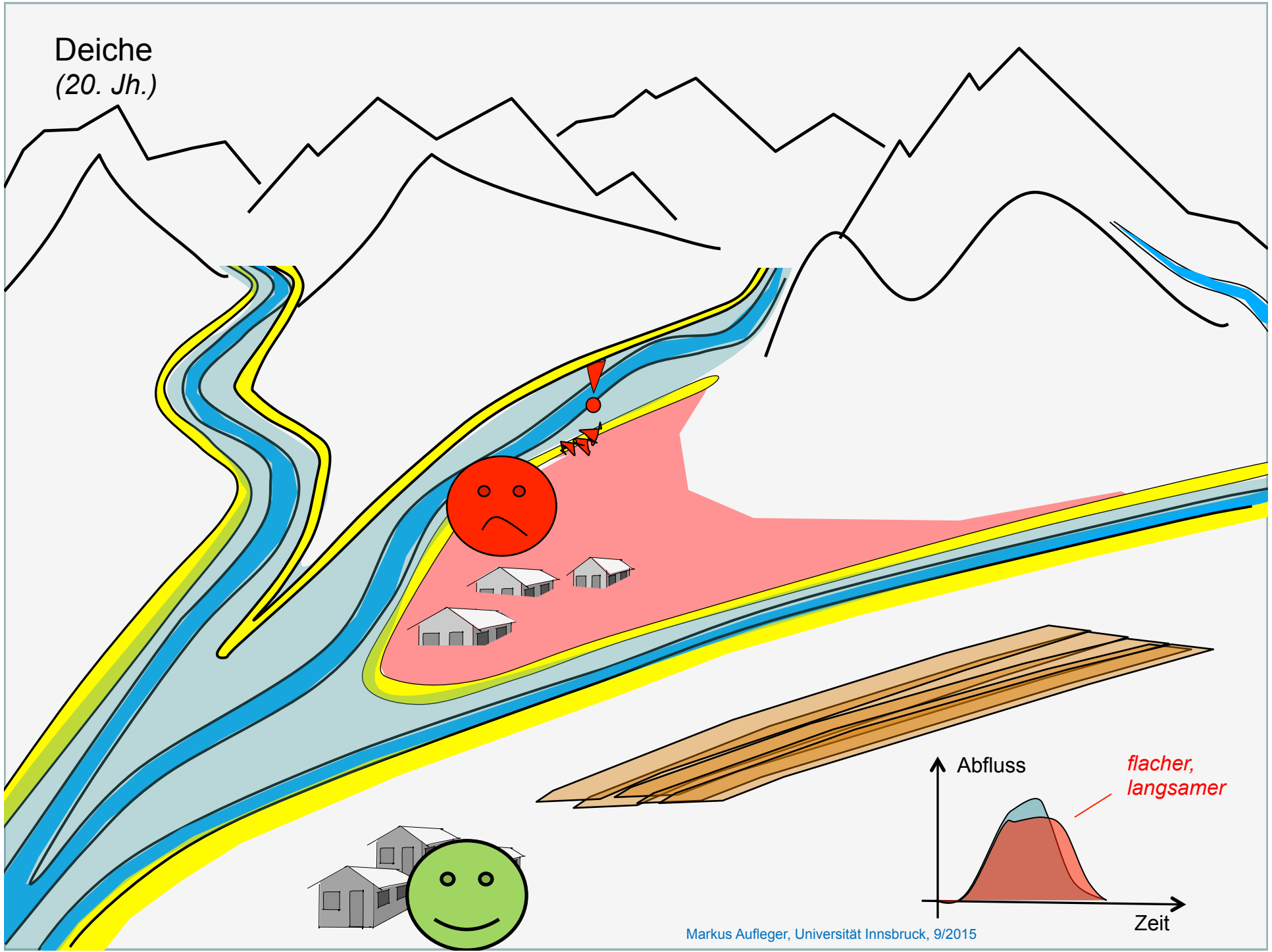
Deiche  
(20. Jh.)



# Deiche (20. Jh.)

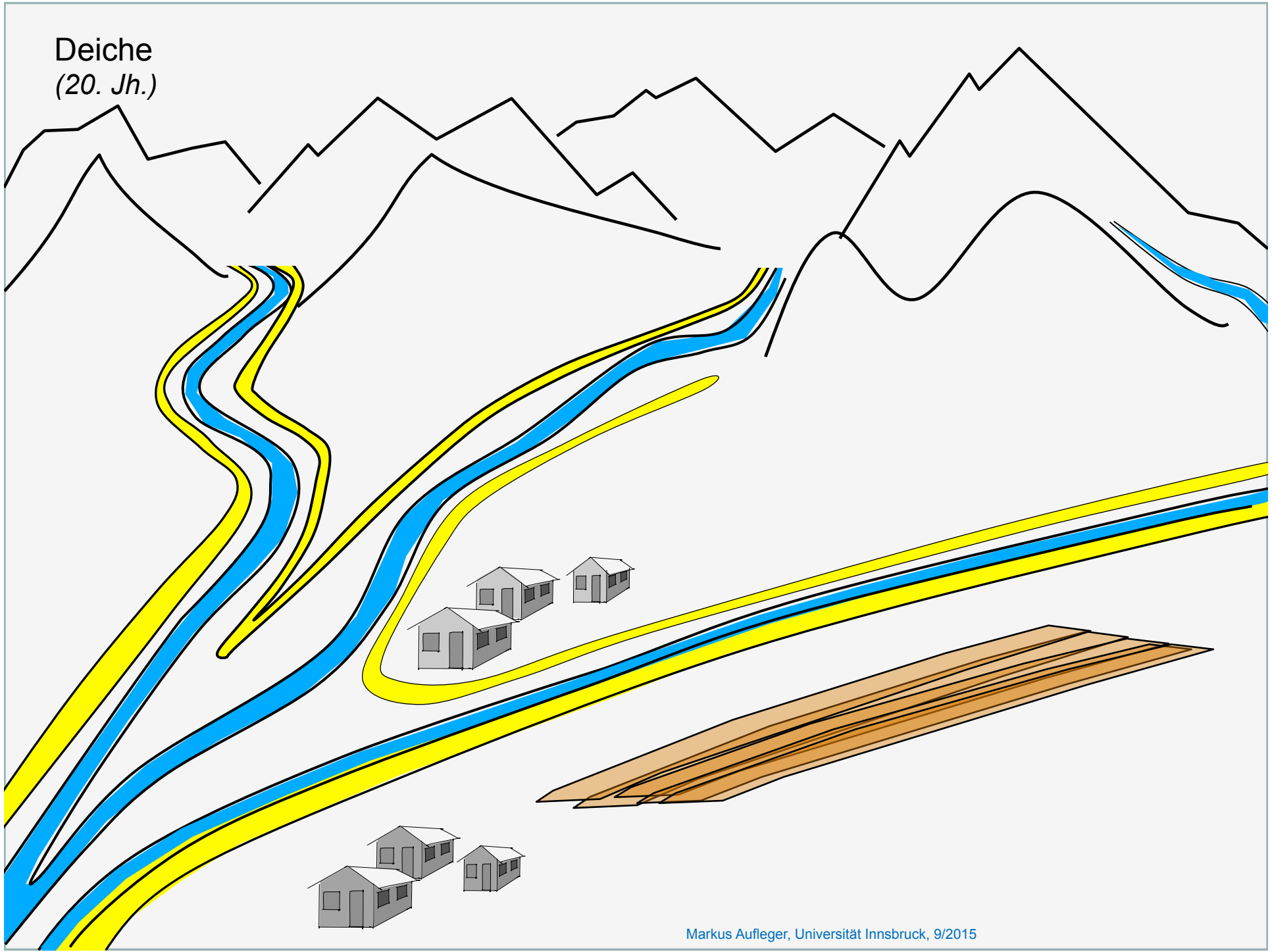


# Deiche (20. Jh.)

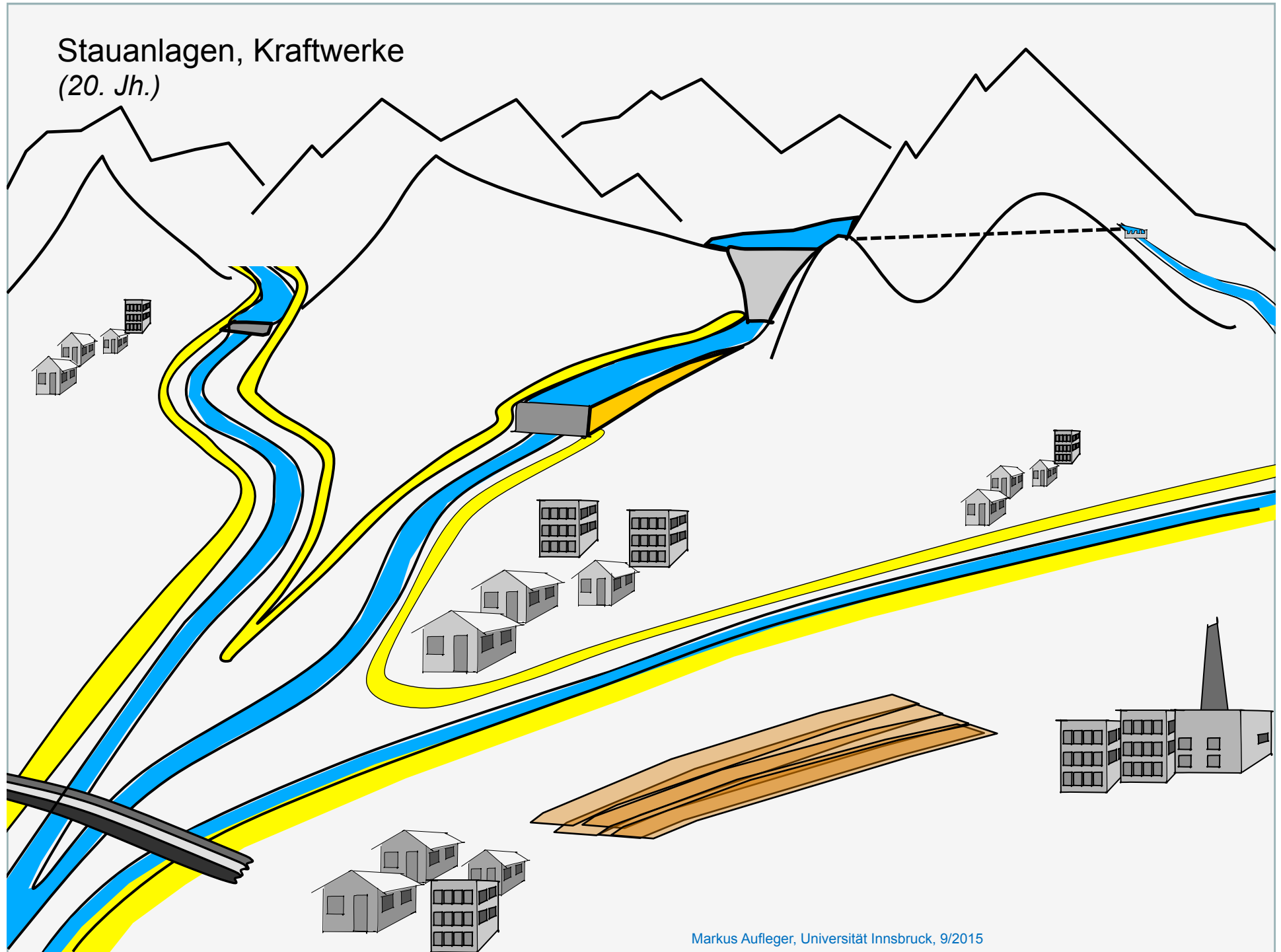




Deiche  
(20. Jh.)

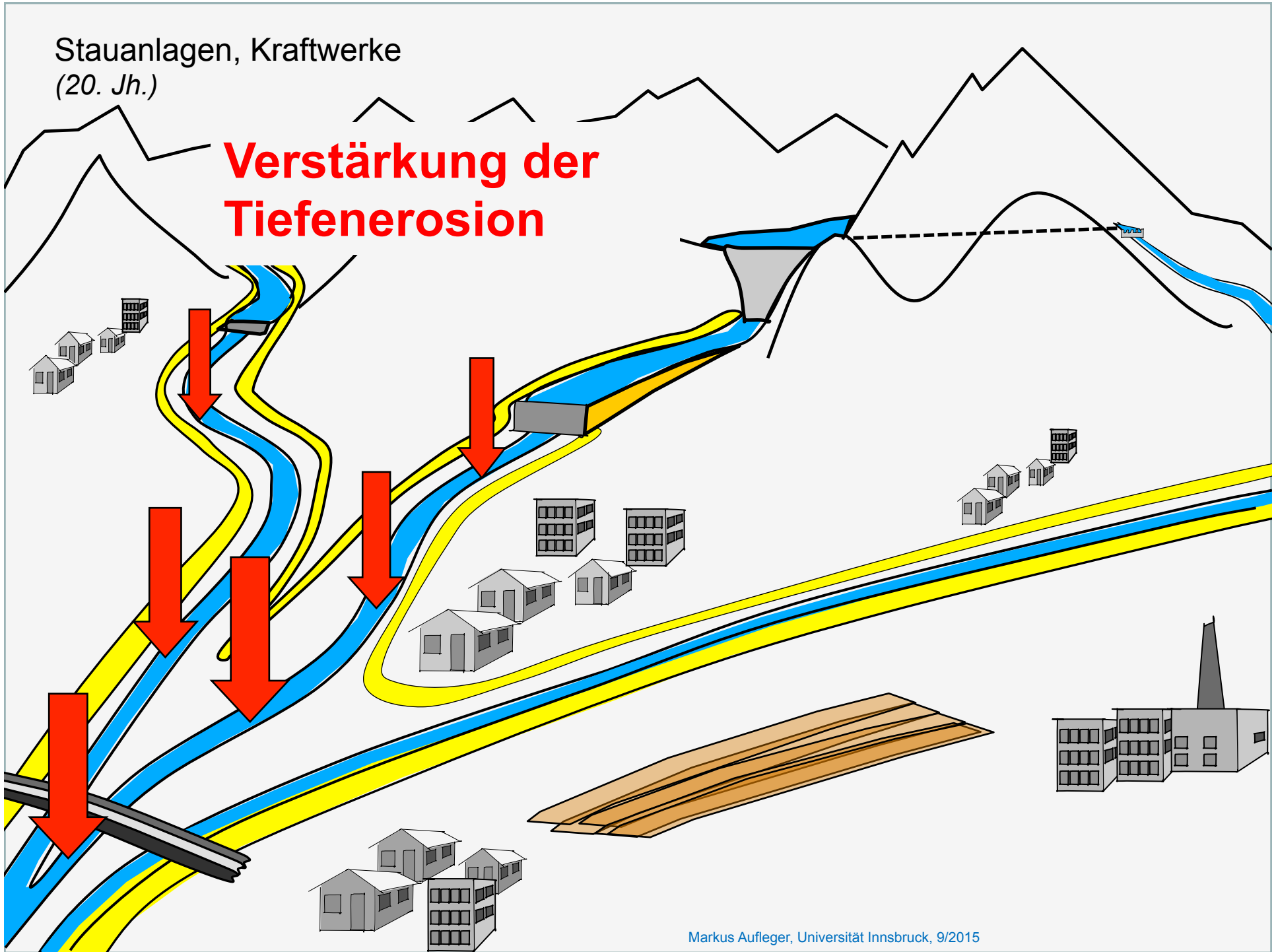


# Stauanlagen, Kraftwerke (20. Jh.)

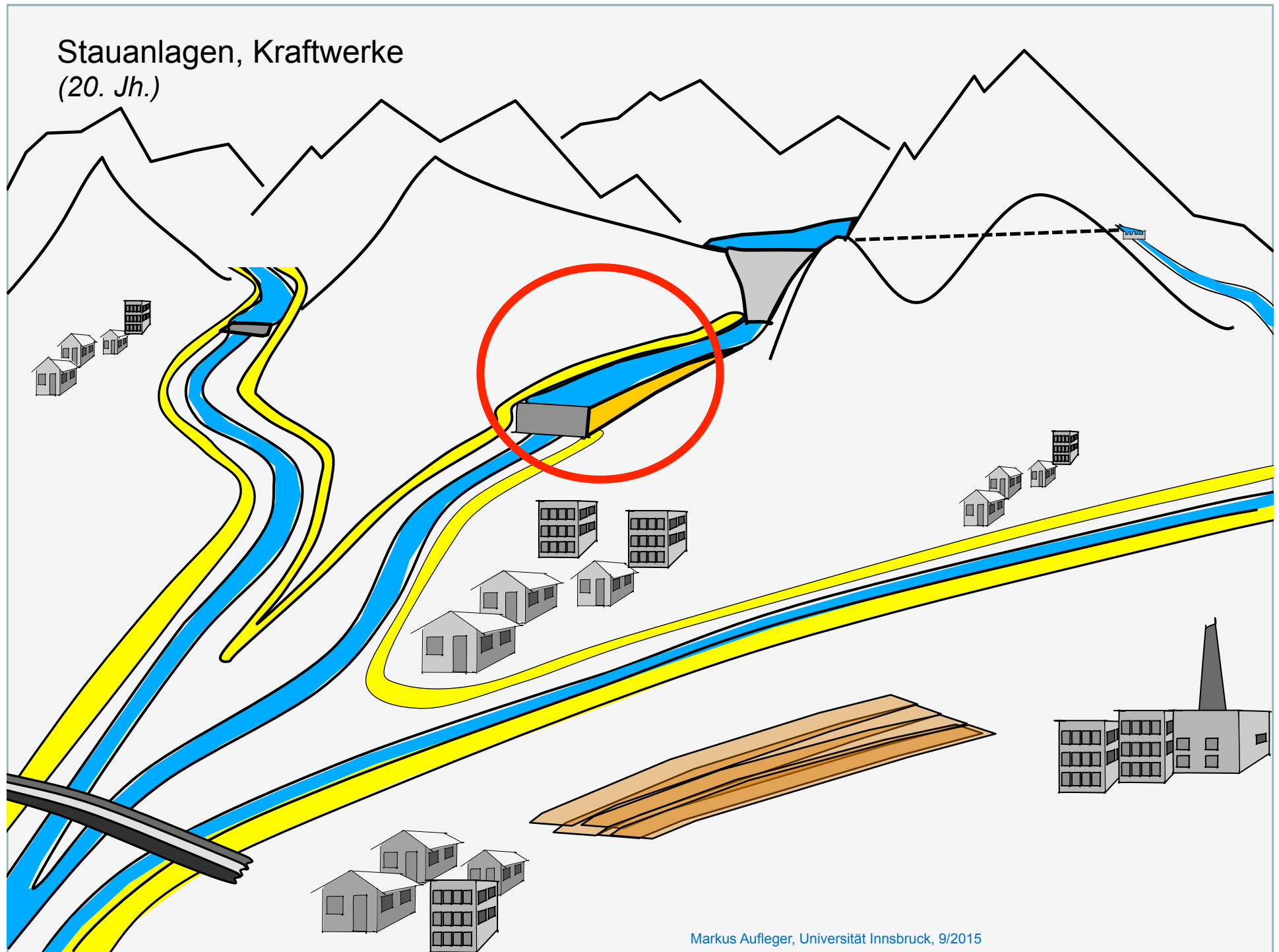


Stauanlagen, Kraftwerke  
(20. Jh.)

# Verstärkung der Tiefenerosion



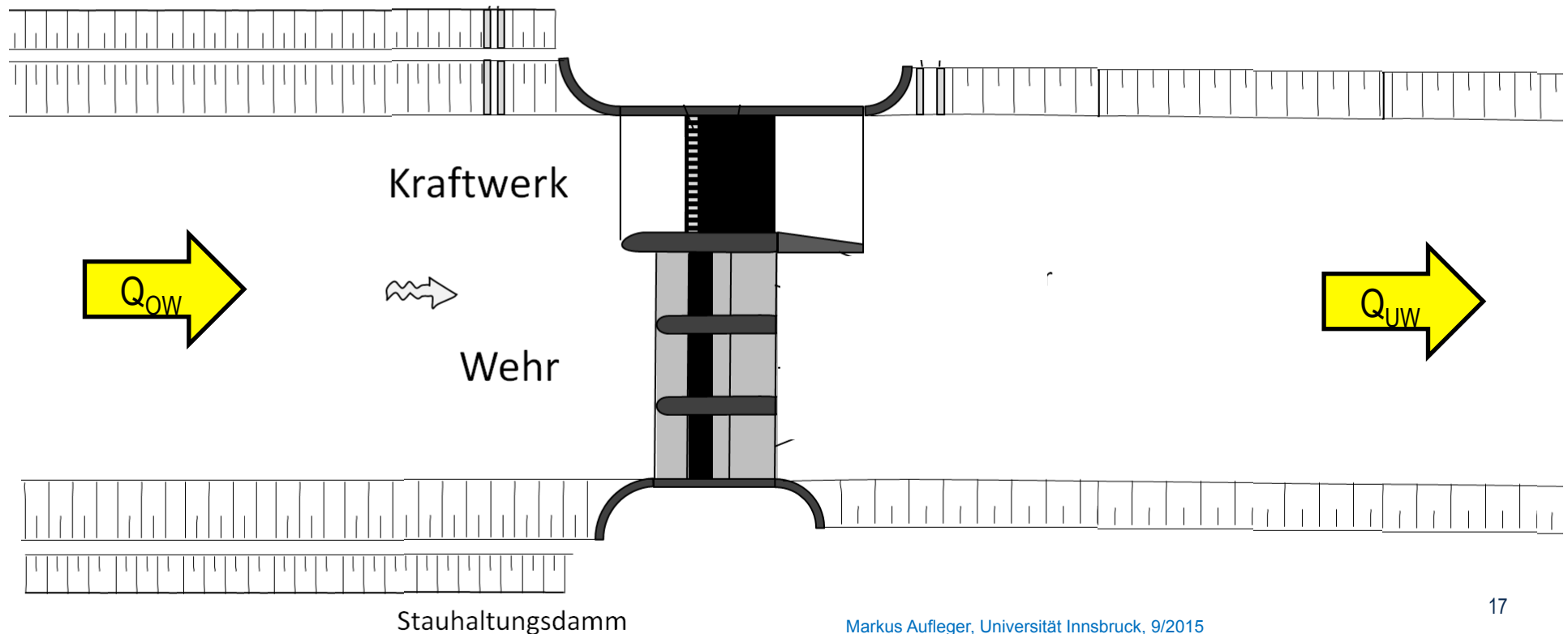
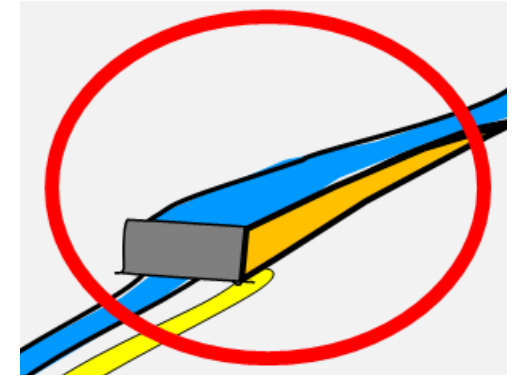
# Stauanlagen, Kraftwerke (20. Jh.)

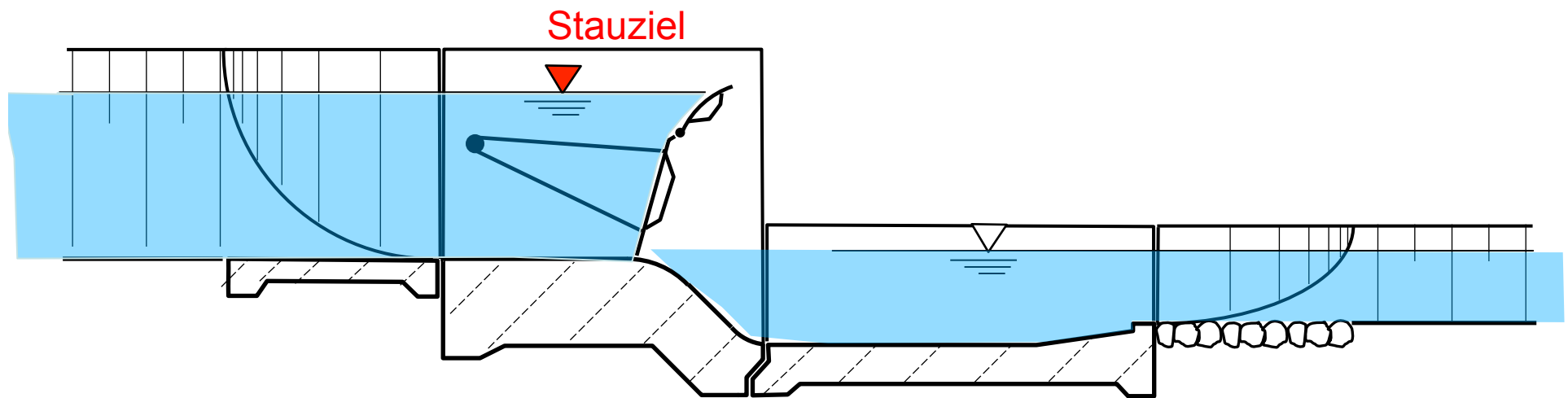


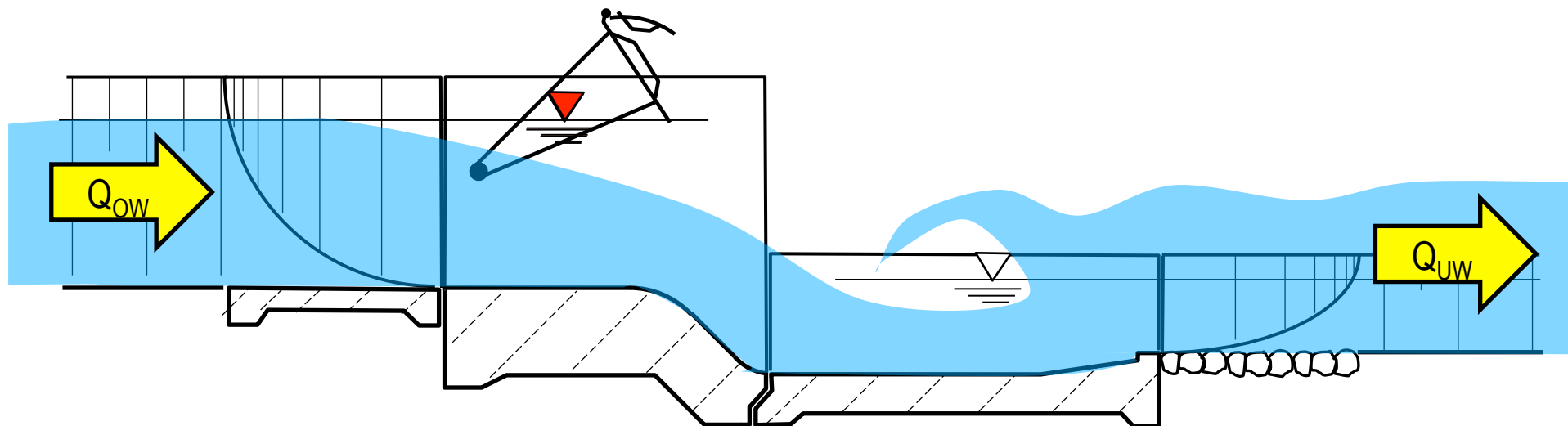
# Flusskraftwerk (Laufwasserkraft)

~ hochwasserneutral !

- abhängig von Betriebsweise (Stauziel)
- Stauhaltungsdämme -> Hochwasserschutz / ggfs. Verlust an Retentionsraum
- Sedimentmanagement -> Sohllage?



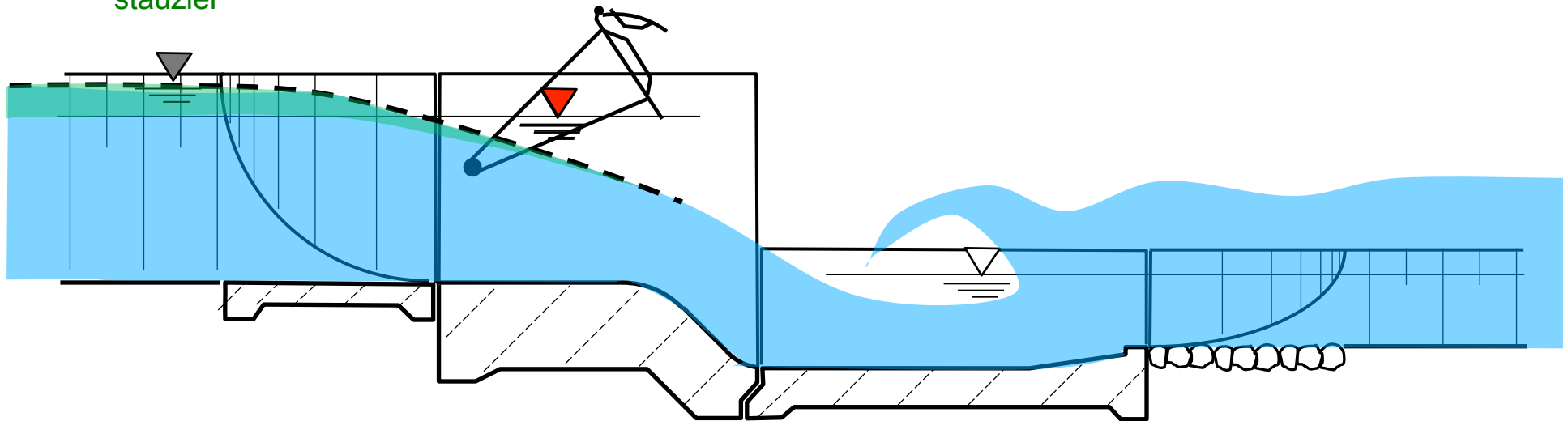




Hohes  
Hochwasser-  
stauziel



Tendenziell: Dämpfung der HW-Welle

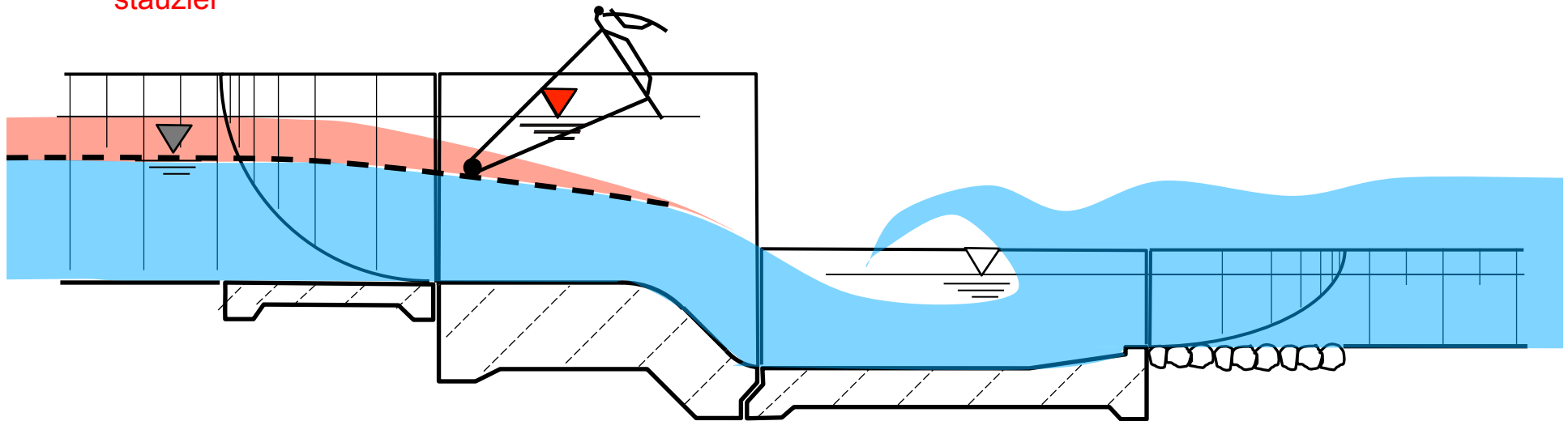




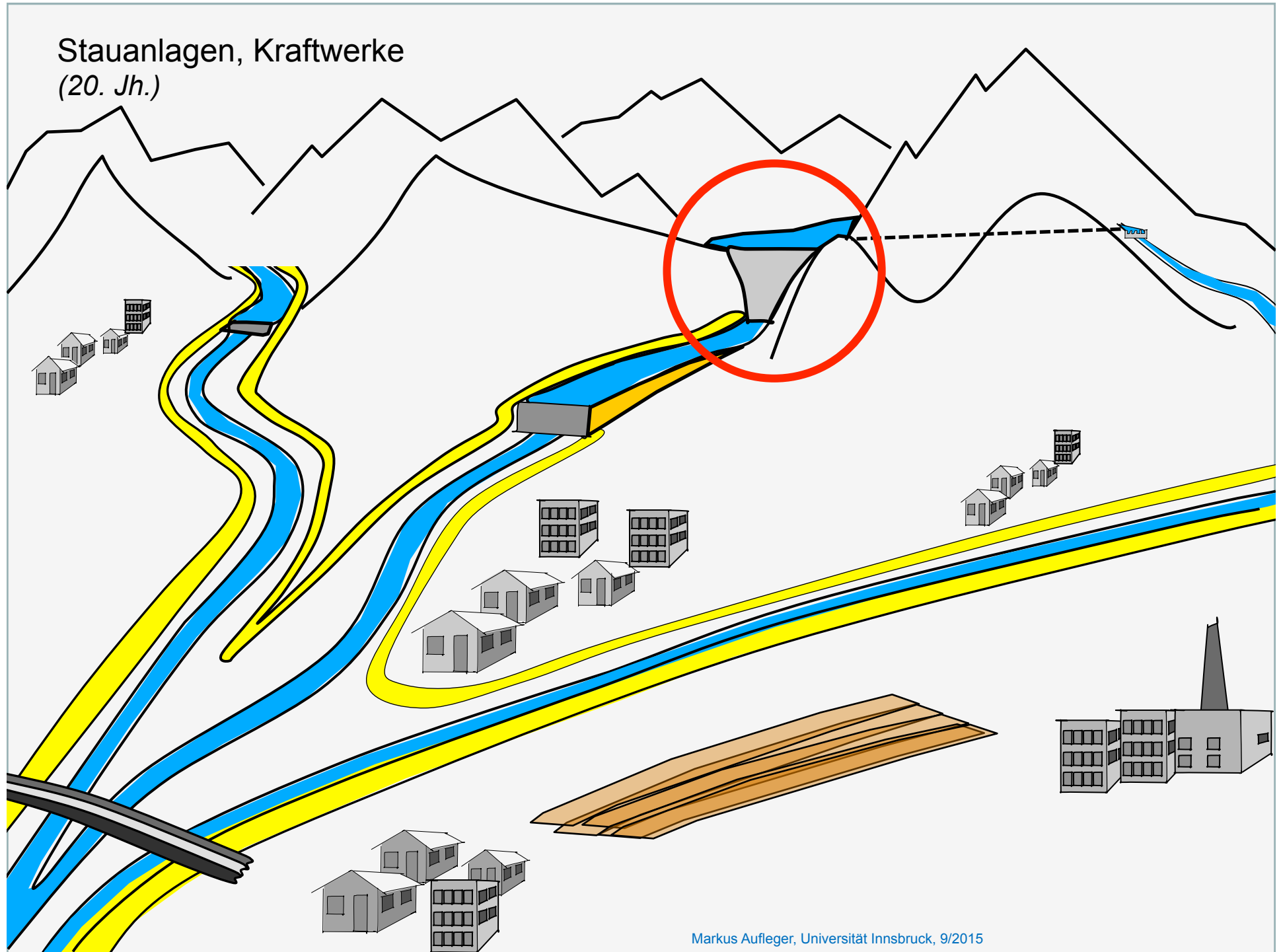
Niedriges  
Hochwasser-  
stauziel



Tendenziell: Beschleunigung der HW-Welle



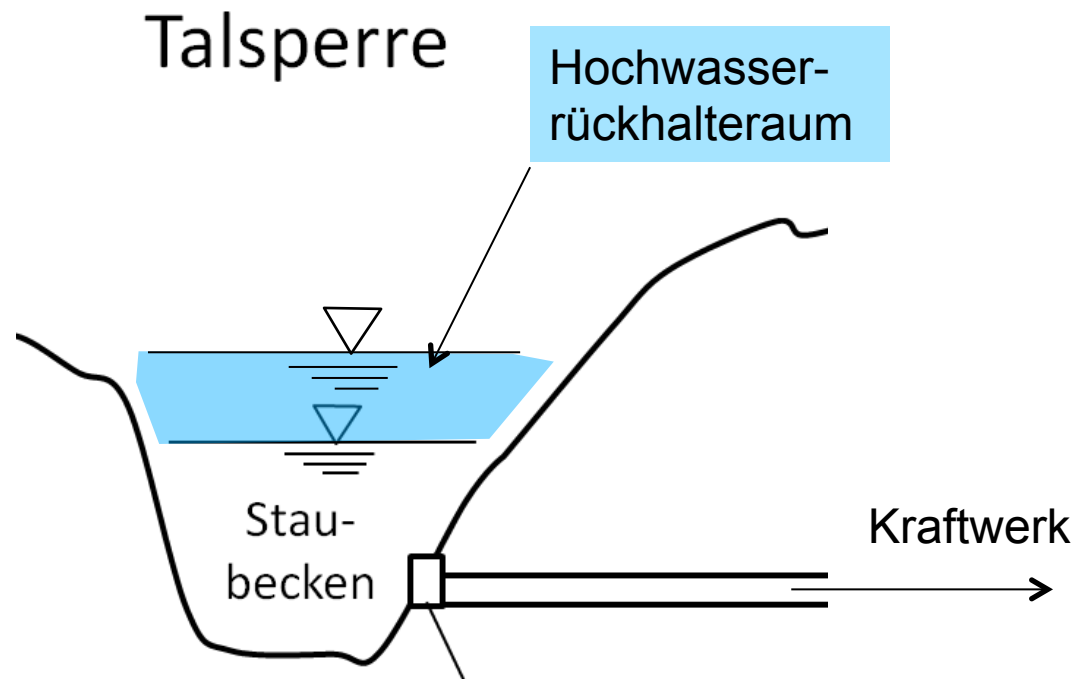
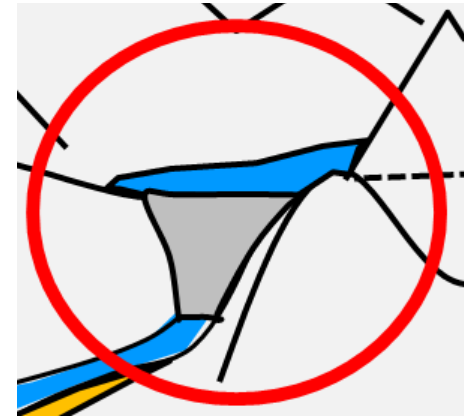
# Stauanlagen, Kraftwerke (20. Jh.)



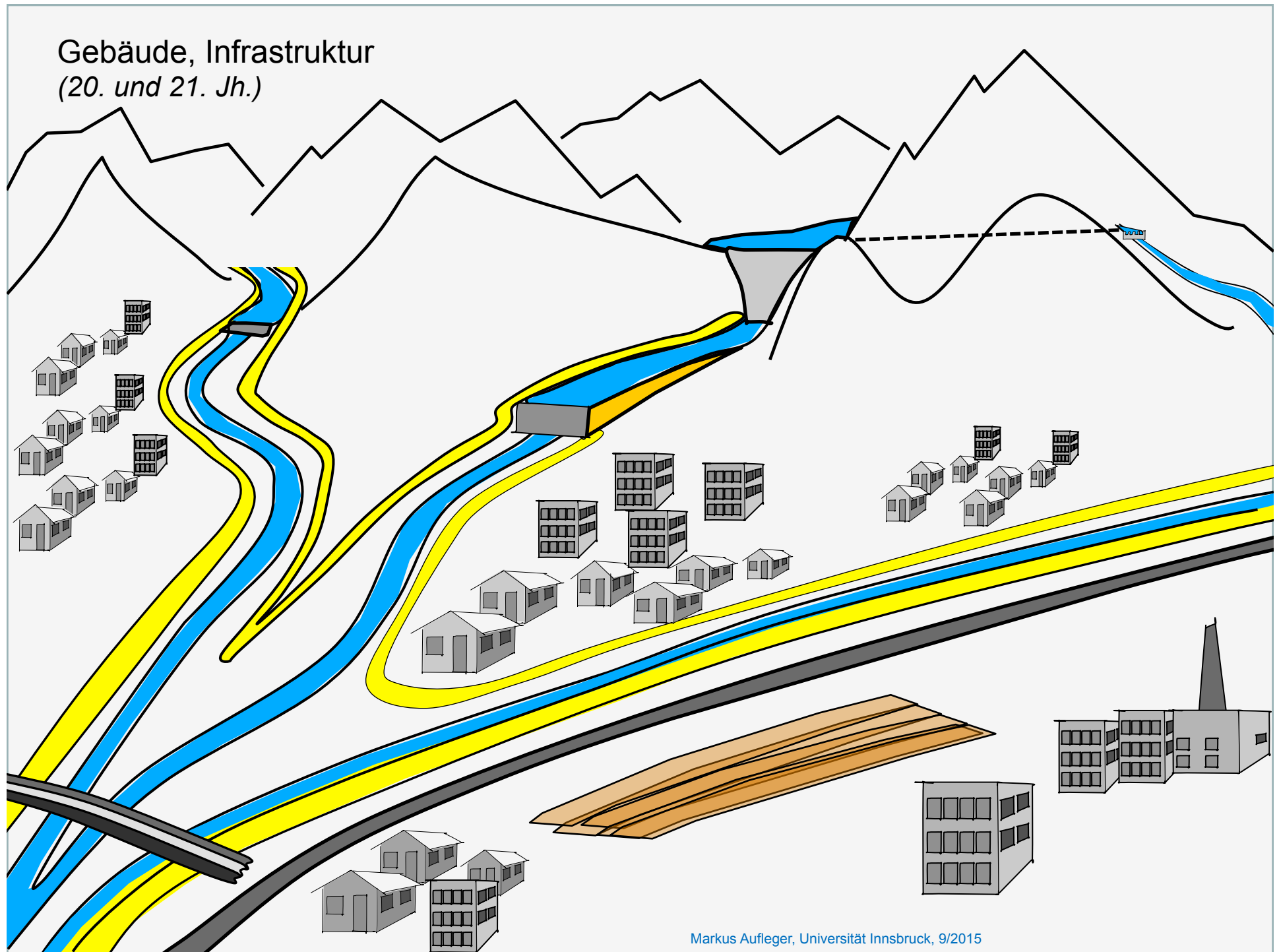
# Speicherkraftwerk

Hochwasserrückhalt !

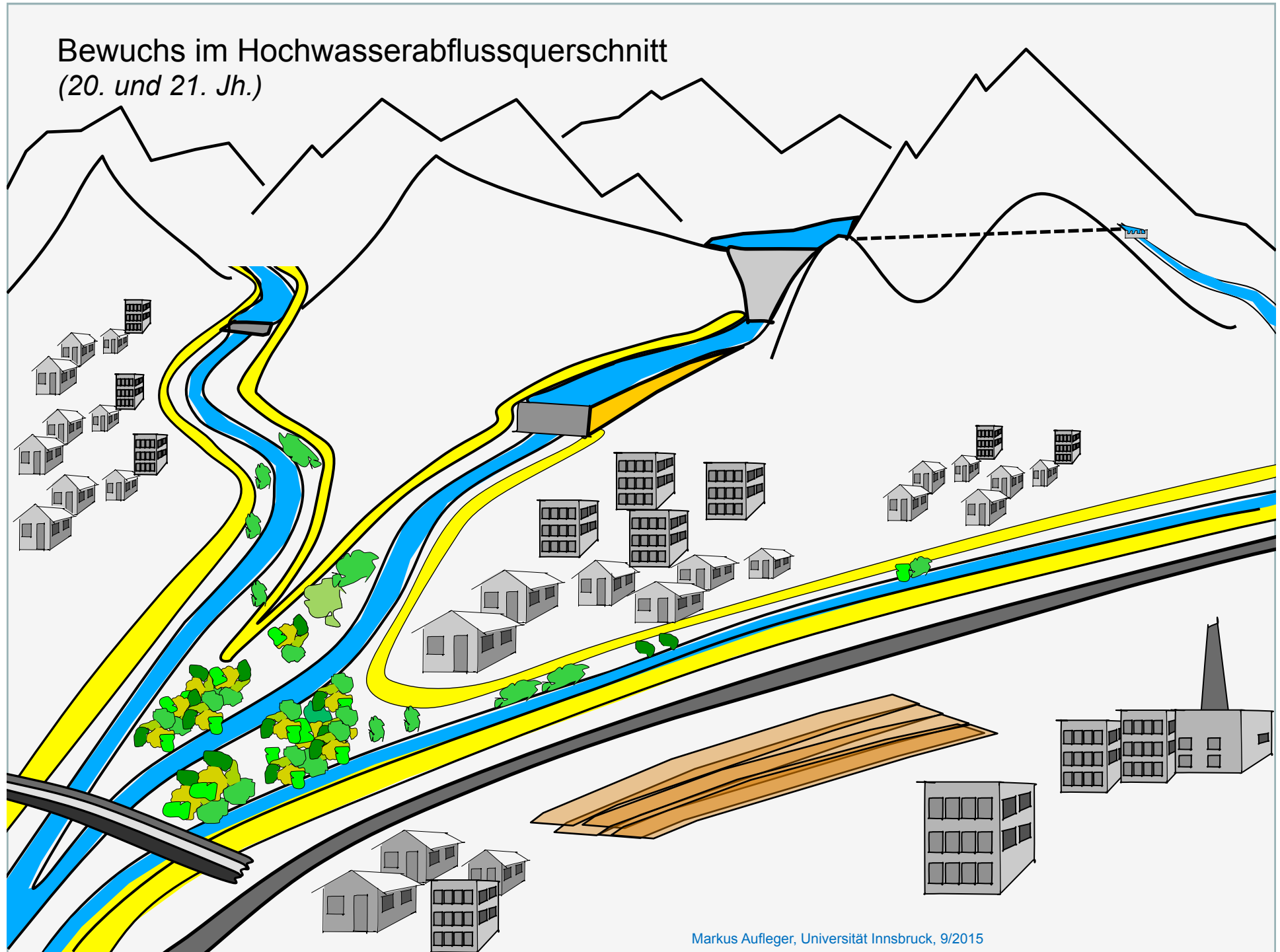
- abhängig von Betriebsweise (Stauziel)



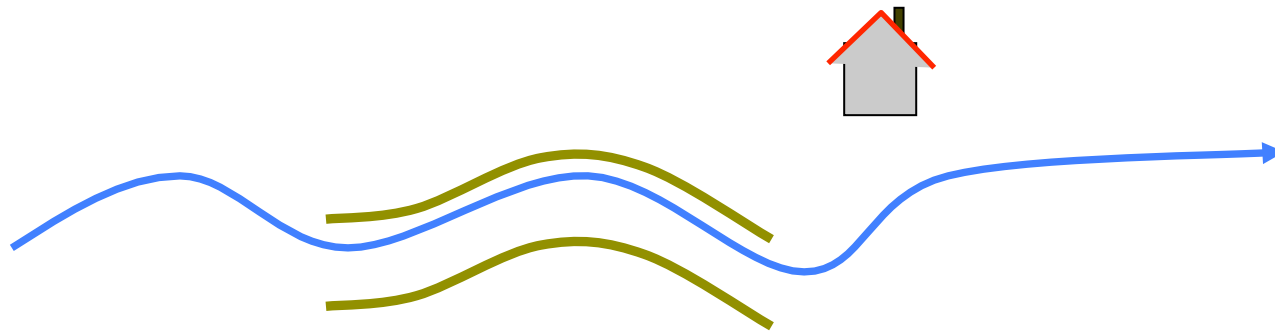
# Gebäude, Infrastruktur (20. und 21. Jh.)



# Bewuchs im Hochwasserabflussquerschnitt (20. und 21. Jh.)



# Hochwasserschutz

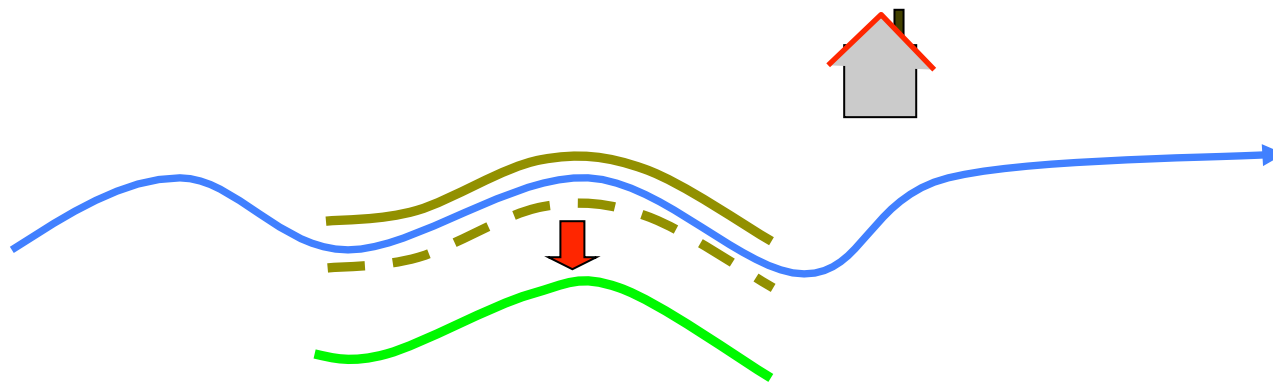


# Naturnahe Retentionsräume





 **mo:ma**  
morgenmagazin



*„Breitwasser statt  
Hochwasser“*

<http://www.alphagalileo.org/ViewItem.aspx?ItemId=132379&CultureCode=de>

Elbtalauen bei Lenzen, neuer Damm im Bau





<https://www.landwirtschaftskammer.de/landwirtschaft/naturschutz/gewaesser/else.htm>

## Luftbild der Else während des Umbaus





## Uferrückbau an der Salzach





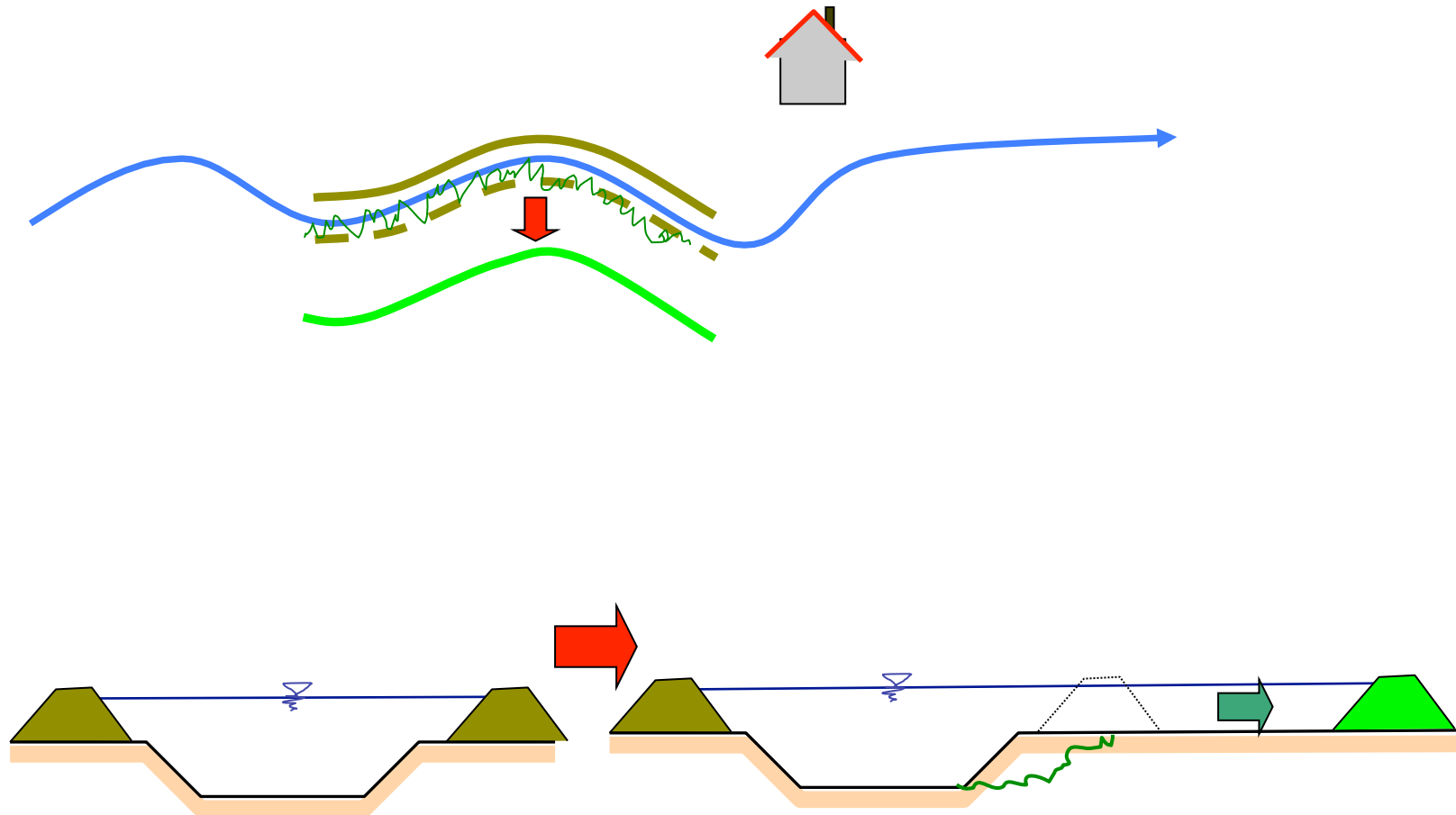
## Uferrückbau an der Thur (CH)



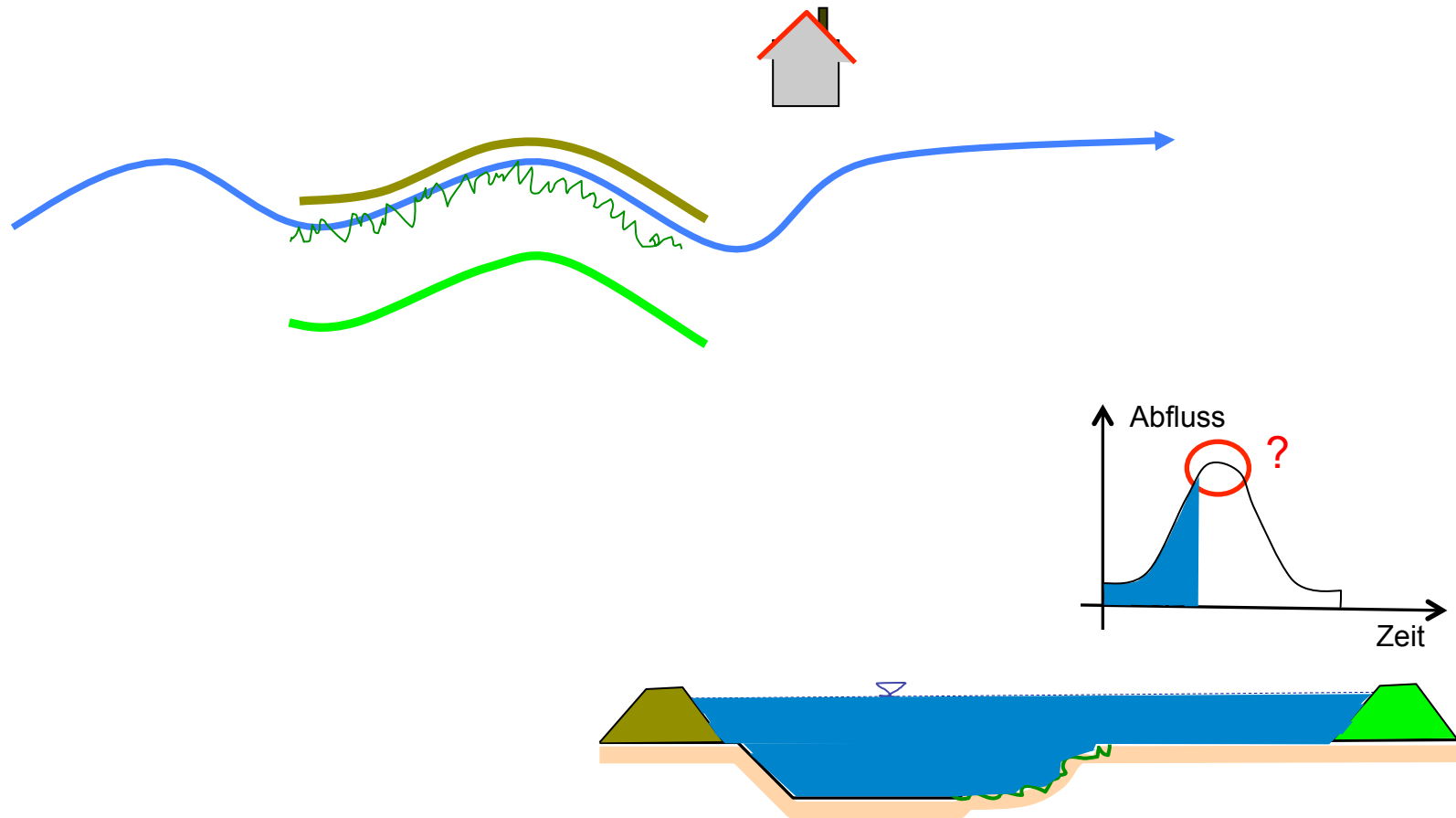
## Eigenentwicklung nach Uferrückbau an der Isar



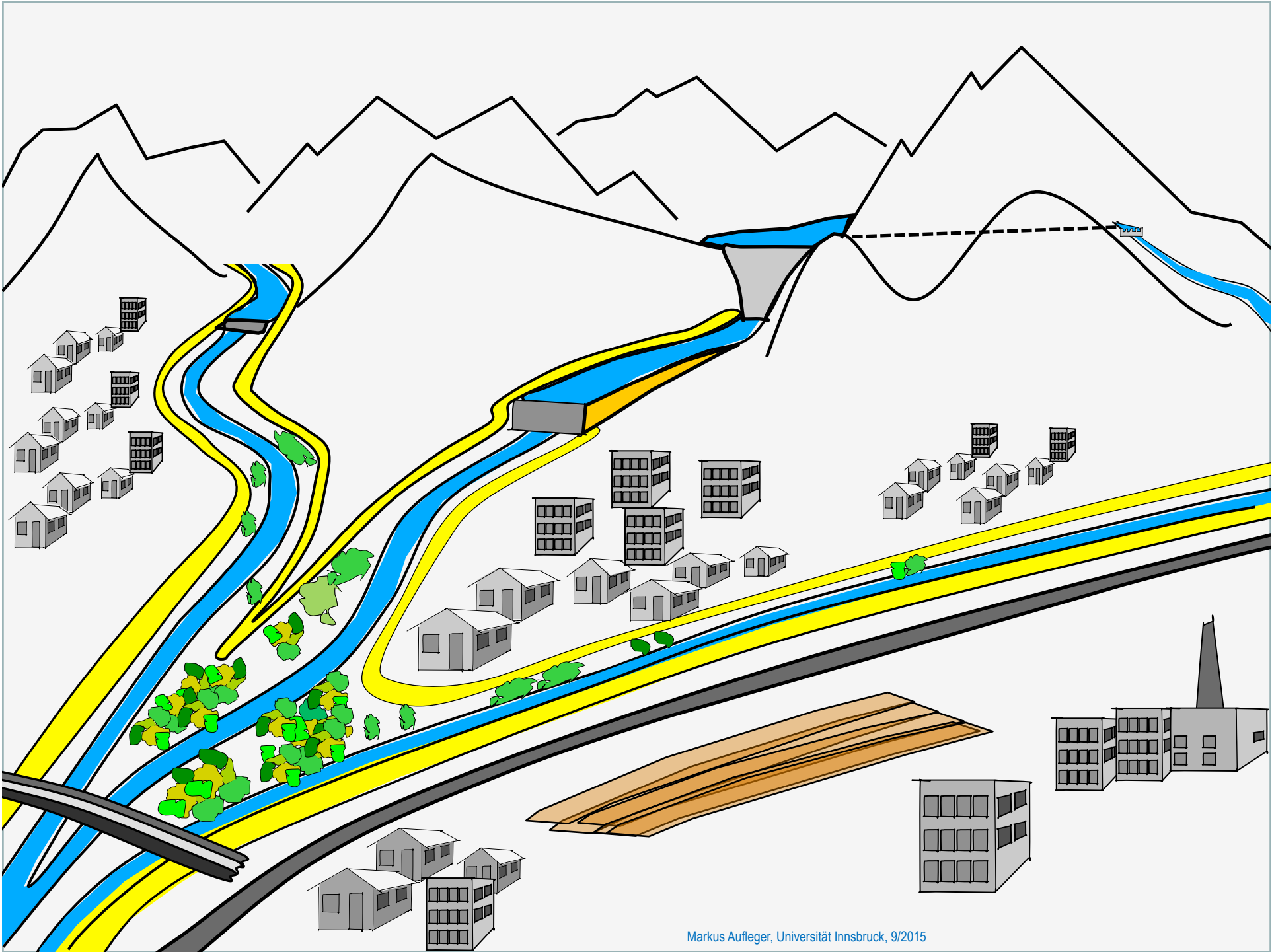
# Naturnahe Retentionsräume

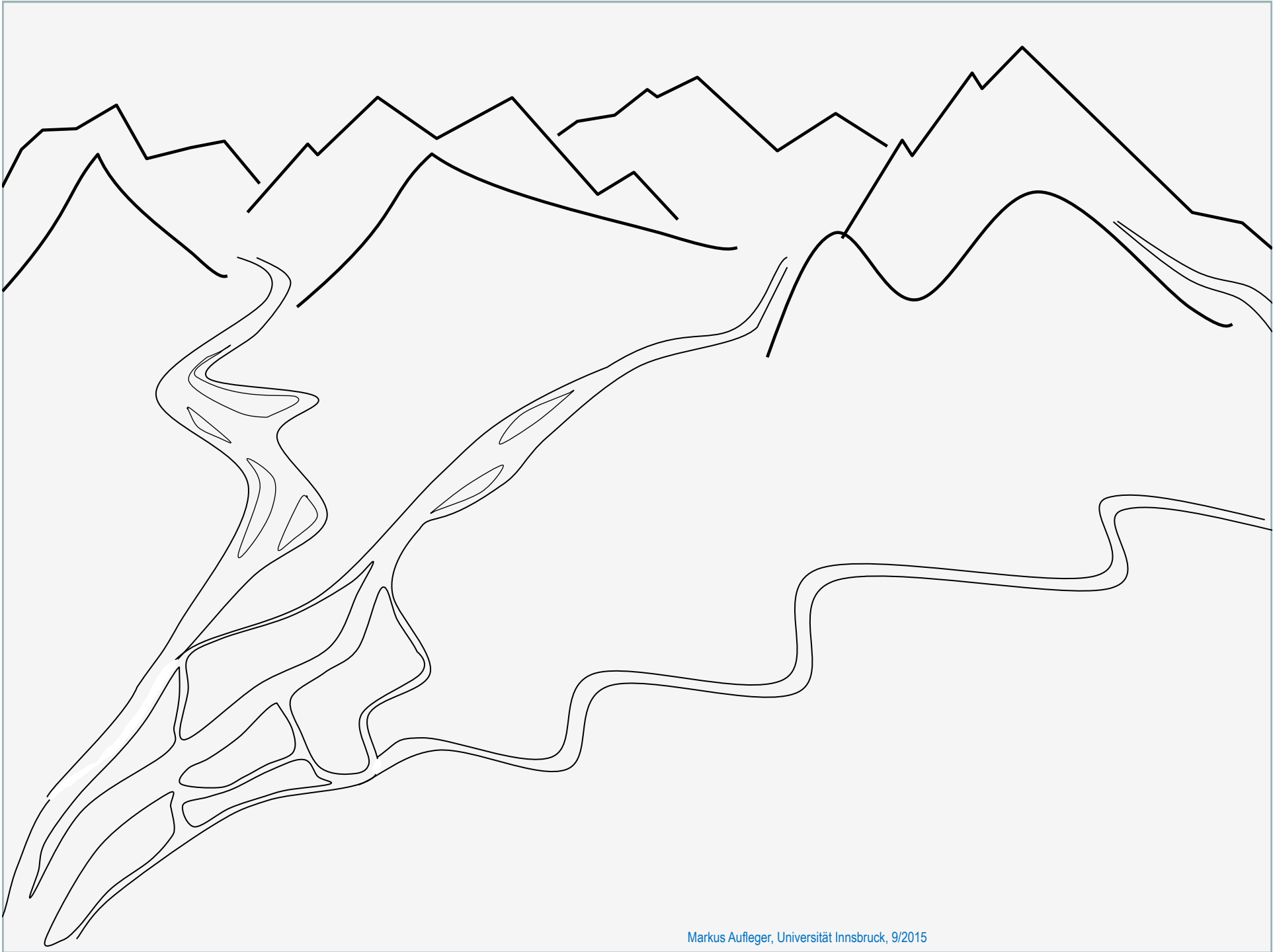


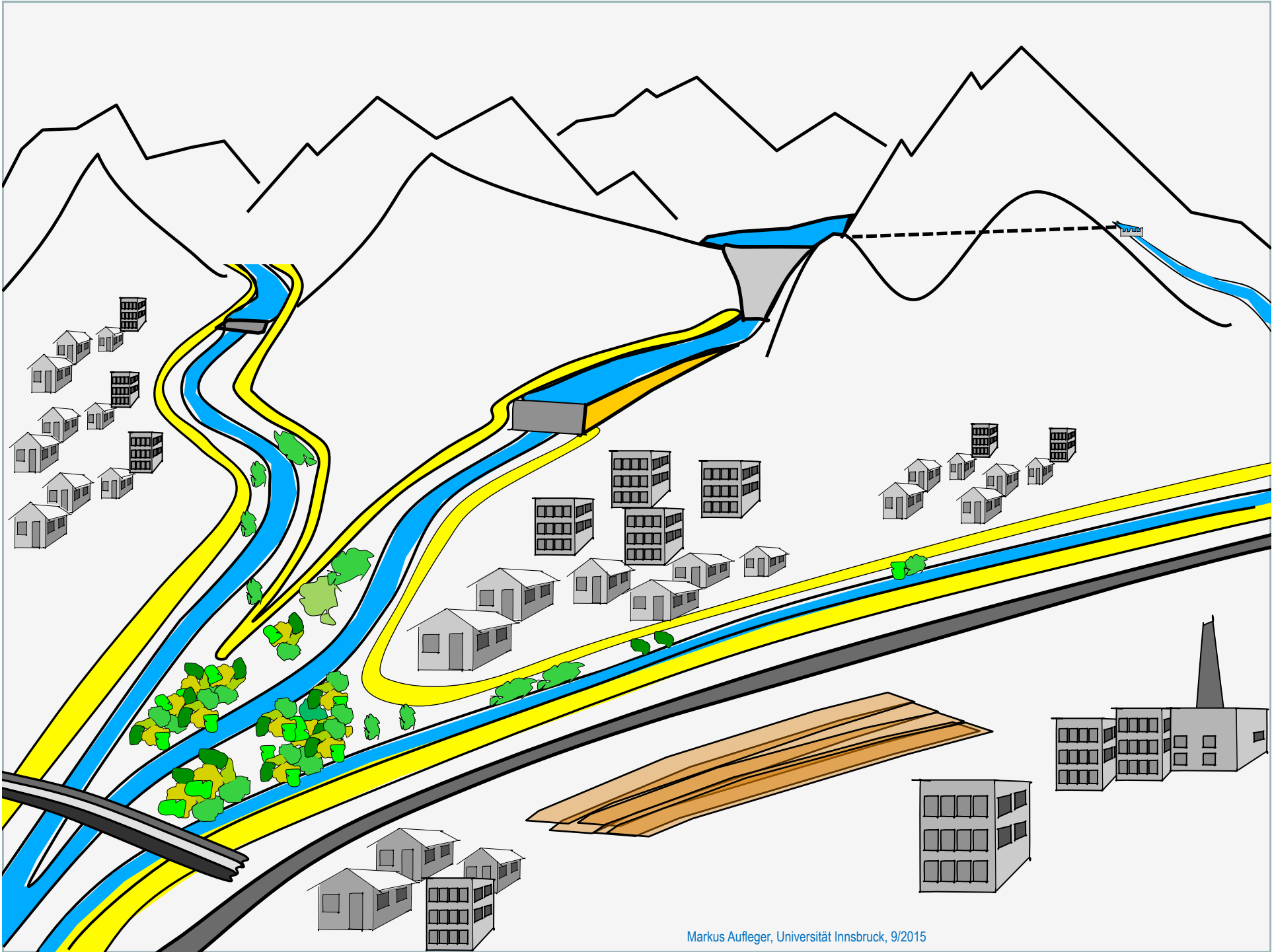
# Naturnahe Retentionsräume

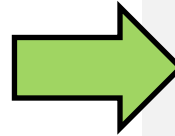
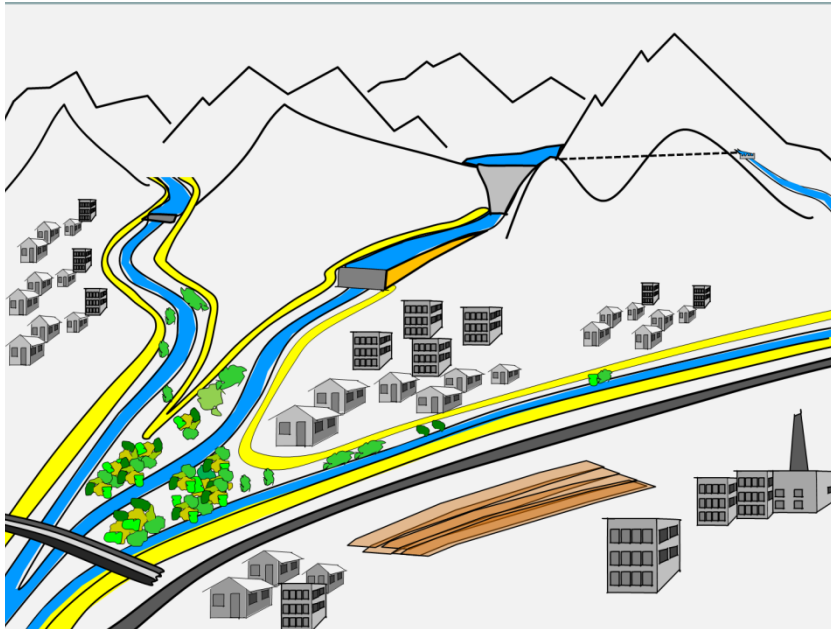




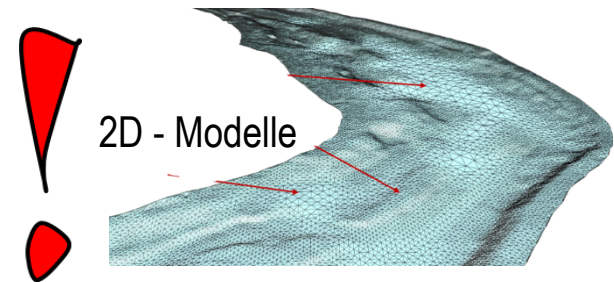






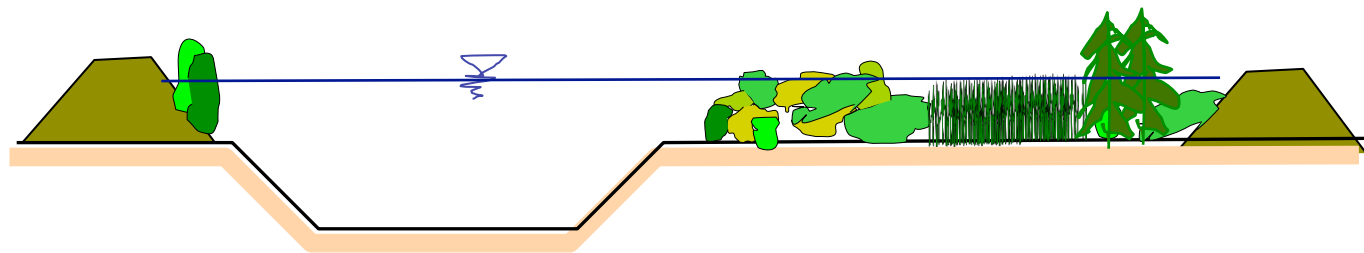
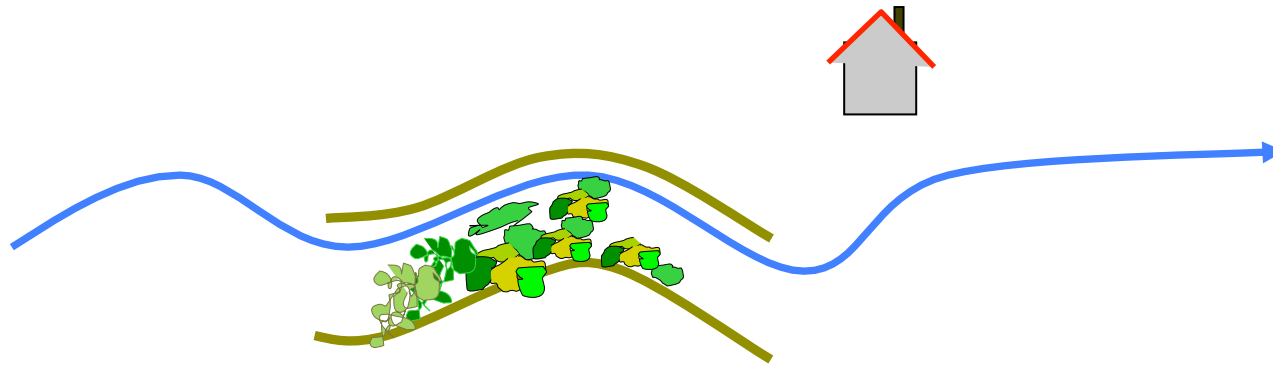


- Viel Platz !
- Großes Volumen [Mio. m<sup>3</sup>] → kleines  $\Delta Q$  [m<sup>3</sup>/s]
- Ökologie !

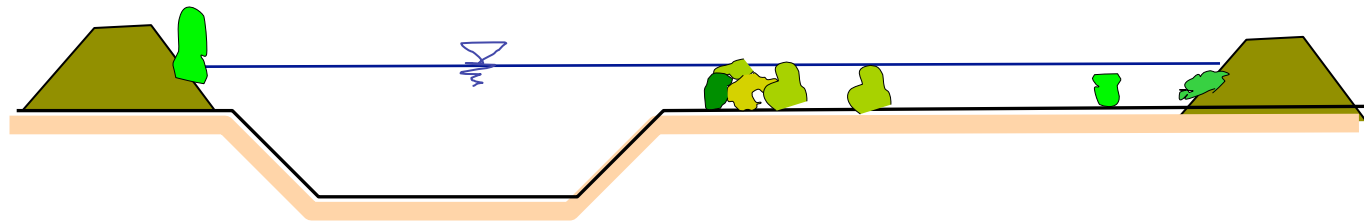
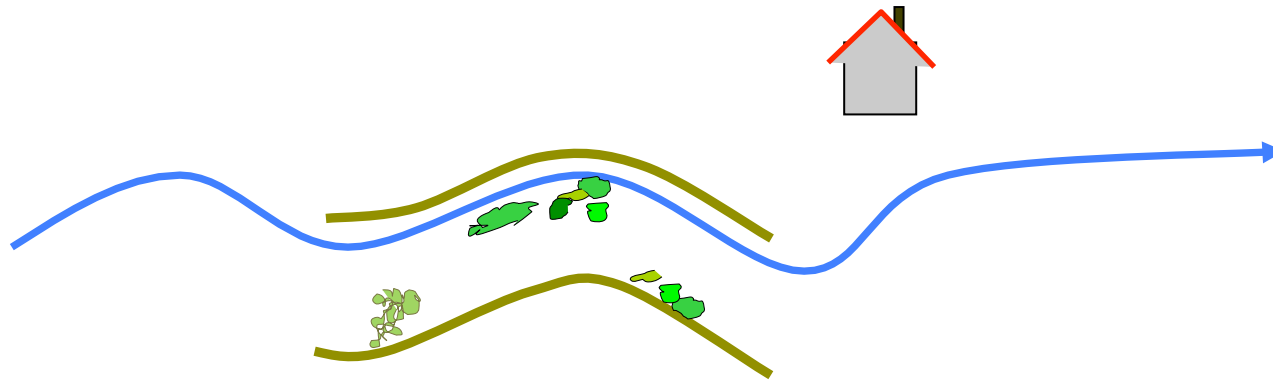


# Technische Schutzmaßnahmen

# Erhöhung der Abflusskapazität

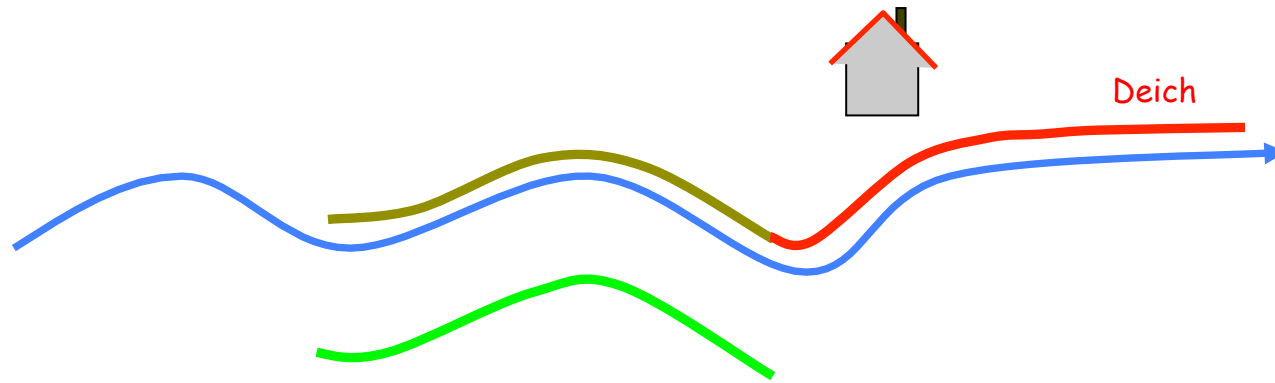


# Erhöhung der Abflusskapazität





# Deichbau

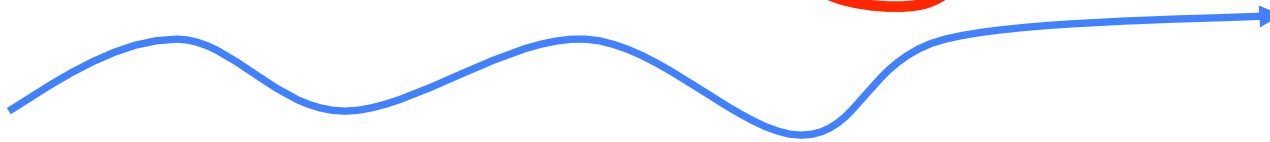




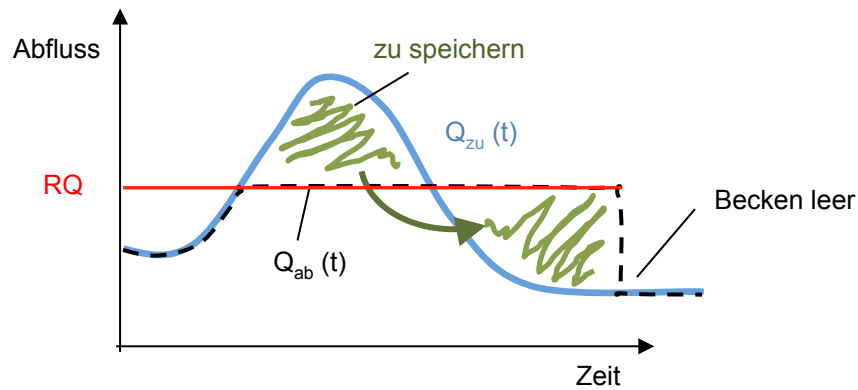
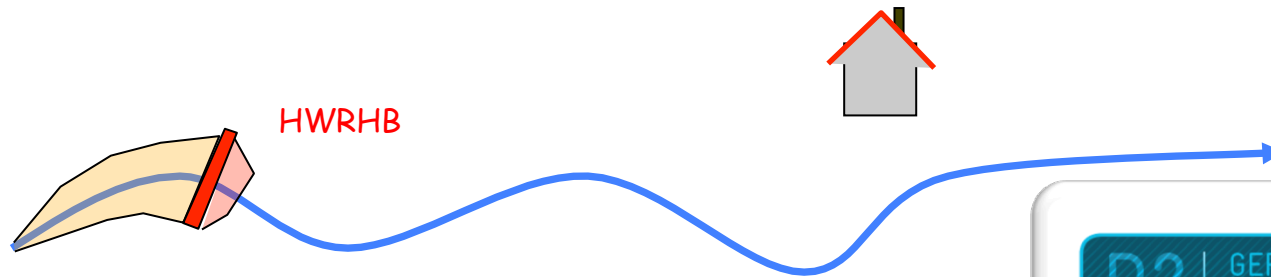
# Objektschutz



Objektschutz,  
Hochwasserschutzanlagen



# Rückhalt im Hauptschluss



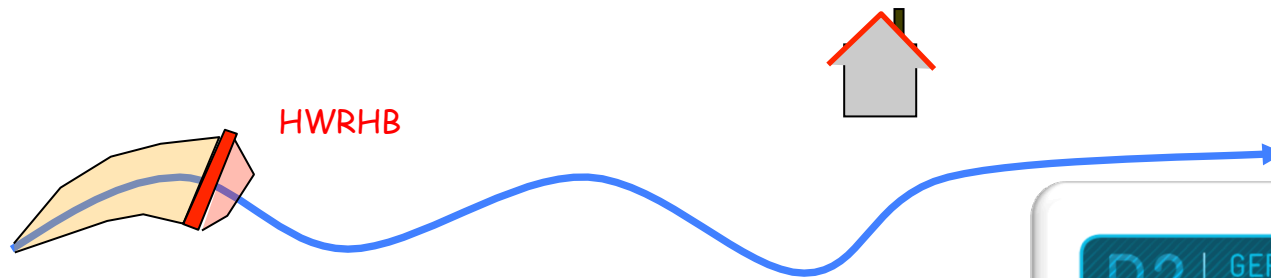
## D2 | GERMANY SYLVENSTEINSPEICHER



MAINTAINED BY: WWA Weilheim  
 RIVERS: Isar, Dürrach, Walchen  
 TYP: Rockfill dam/clay core  
 PURPOSE: Flood protection, energy, recreation, stabilize water flow

Construction Time	1954 – 1959
Height [m]	48.4
Crest Length [m]	180
Surface Area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	6.61
Cross Capacity [Mio. m <sup>3</sup> ]	124
Catchment Area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	1138
Design Flood [m <sup>3</sup> /s]	2012

# Rückhalt im Hauptschluss



Volumen [Mio. m<sup>3</sup>] → ΔQ [m<sup>3</sup>/s]

Sehr hohe Rückhaltewirkung,  
abh. von

- Volumen [Mio. m<sup>3</sup>]
- Steuerung (inkl. Vorhersage)

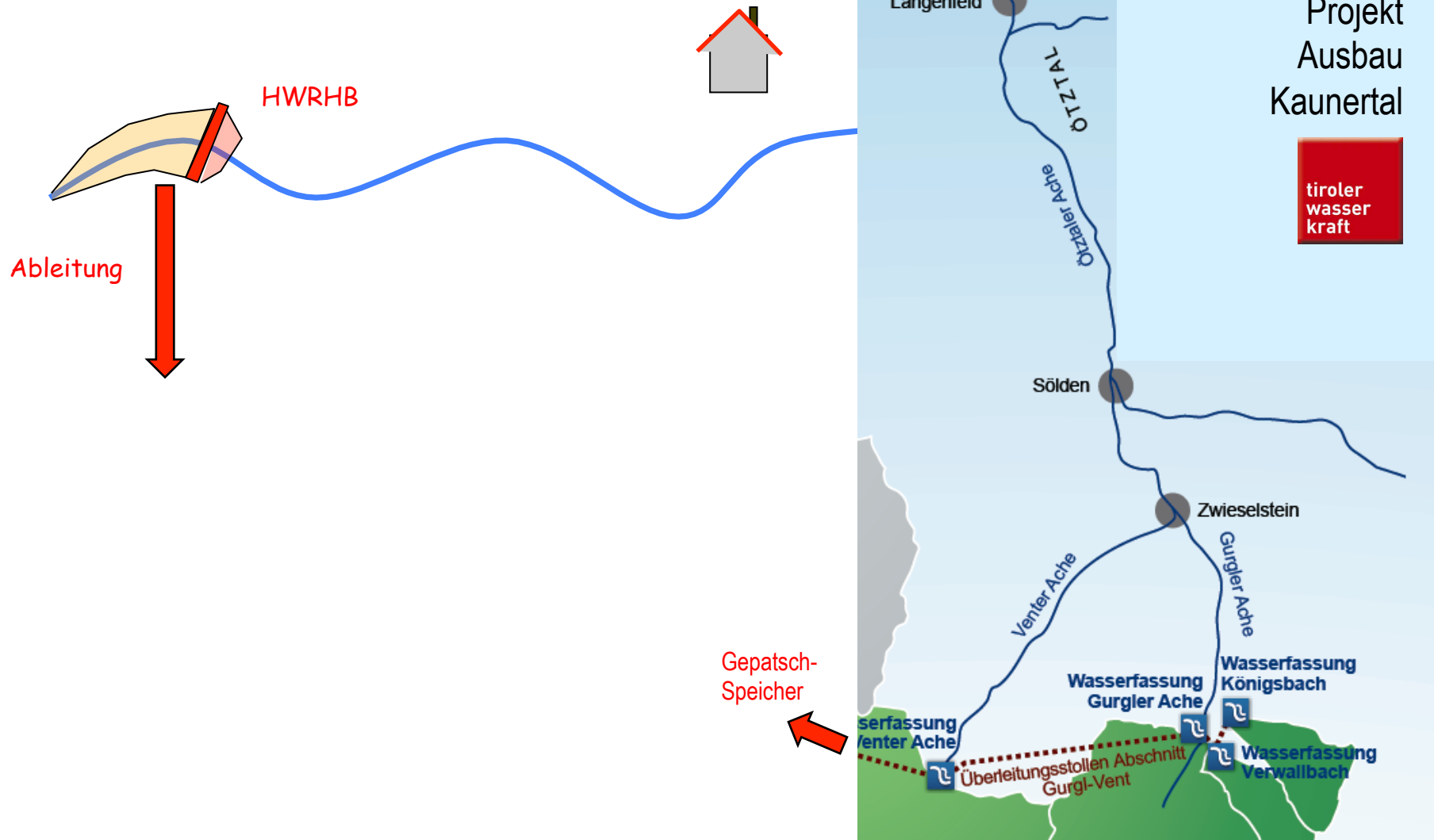
## D2 | GERMANY SYLVENSTEINSPEICHER



MAINTAINED BY: WWA Weilheim  
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TYP: Rockfill dam/clay core  
PURPOSE: Flood protection, energy, recreation, stabilize water flow

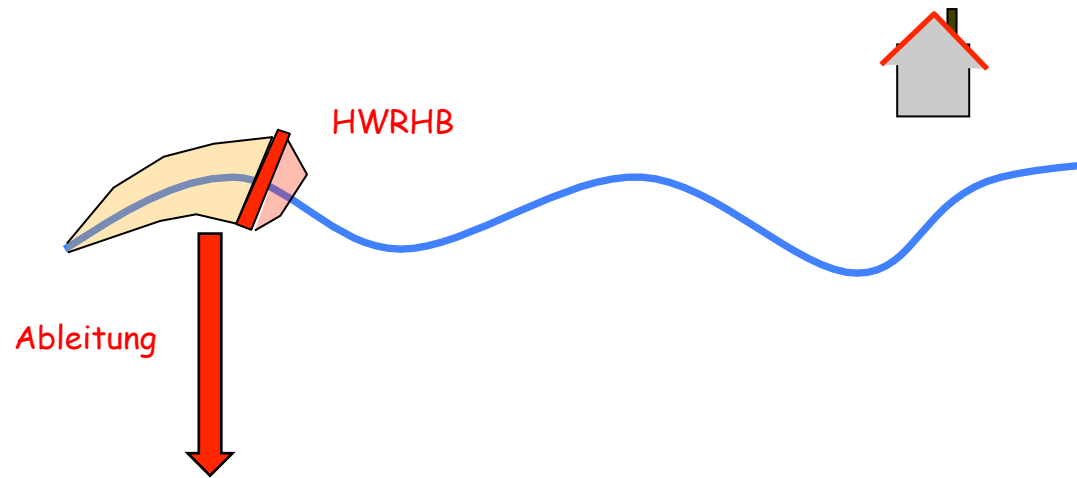
Construction Time	1954 – 1959
Height [m]	48.4
Crest Length [m]	180
Surface Area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	6.61
Cross Capacity [Mio. m <sup>3</sup> ]	124
Catchment Area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	1138
Design Flood [m <sup>3</sup> /s]	2012

# Ableitung von Hochwasserabfluss



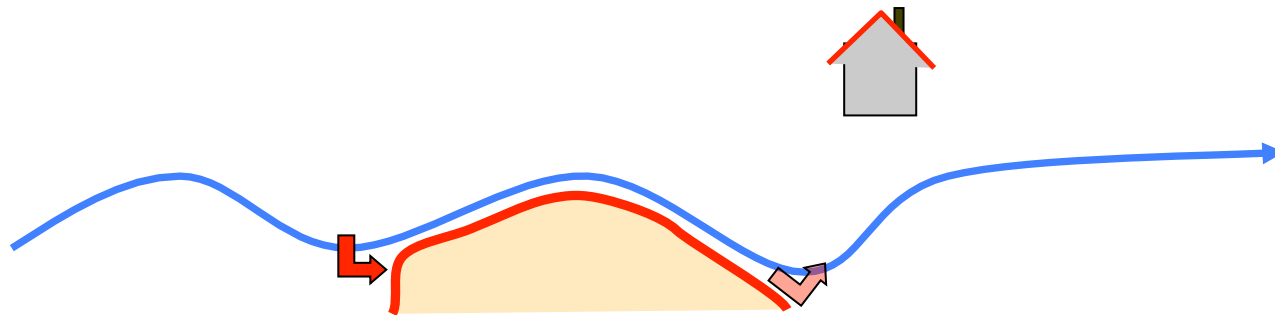


# Rückhalt im Hauptschluss

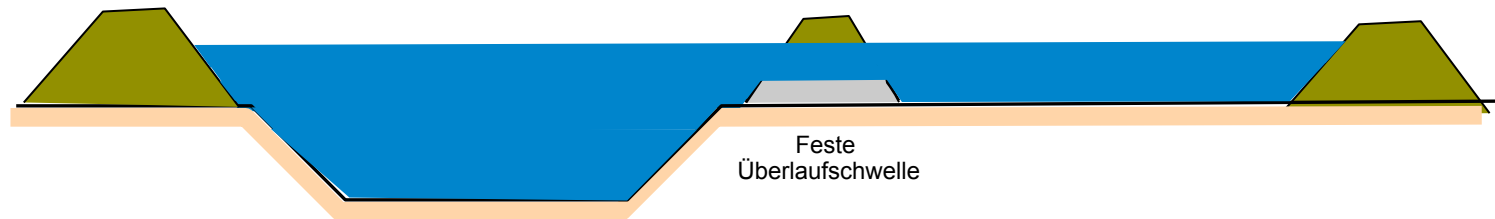
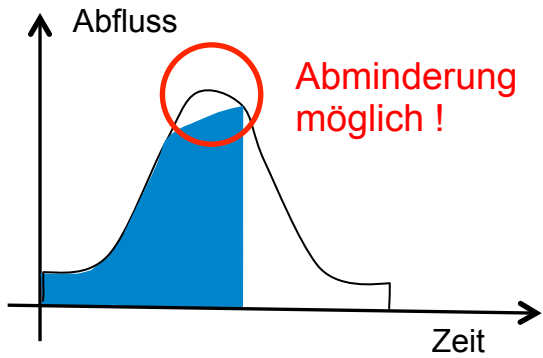


# Rückhalt im Nebenschluss

a) ungesteuert

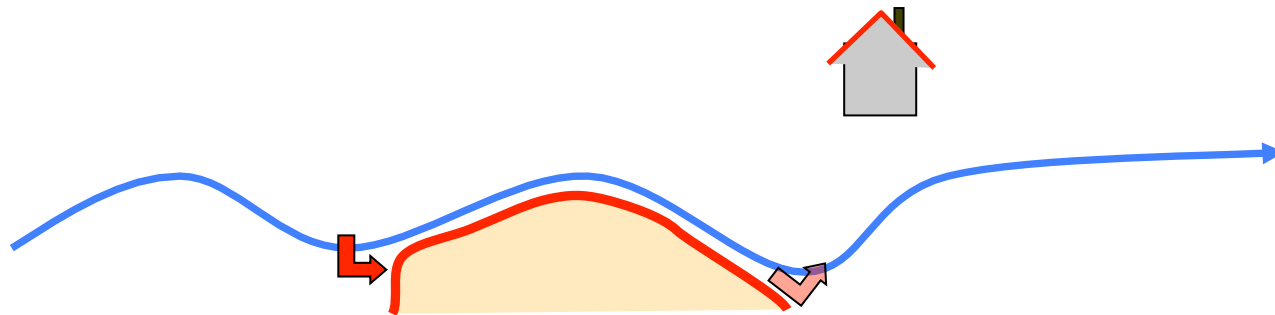


HWRHB im Nebenschluss  
(Flutpolder)

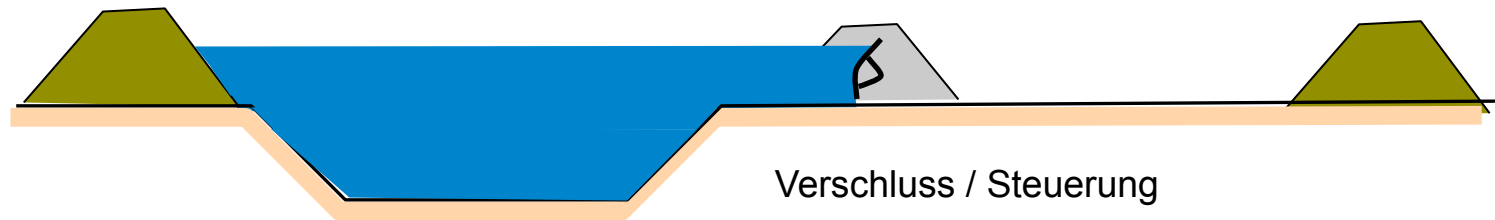
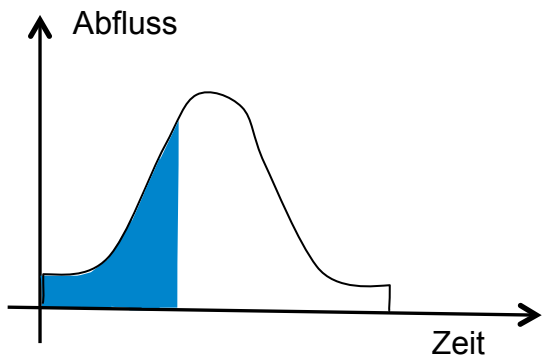


# Rückhalt im Nebenschluss

b) gesteuert

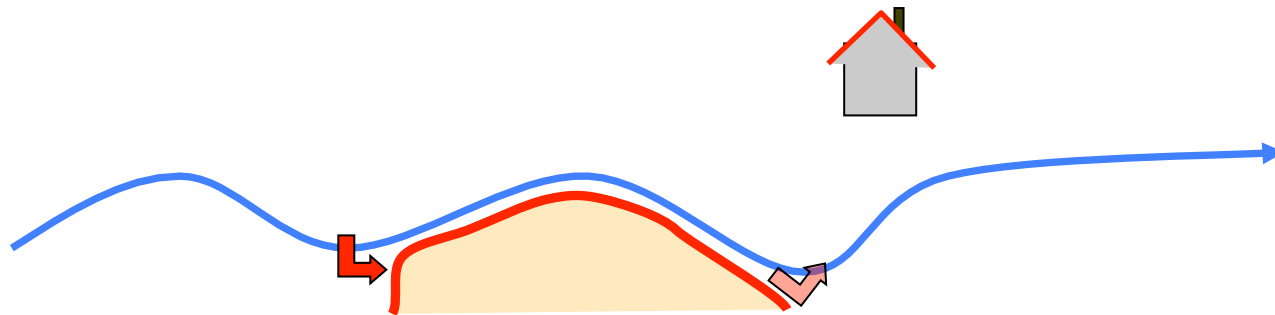


HWRHB im Nebenschluss  
(Flutpolder)

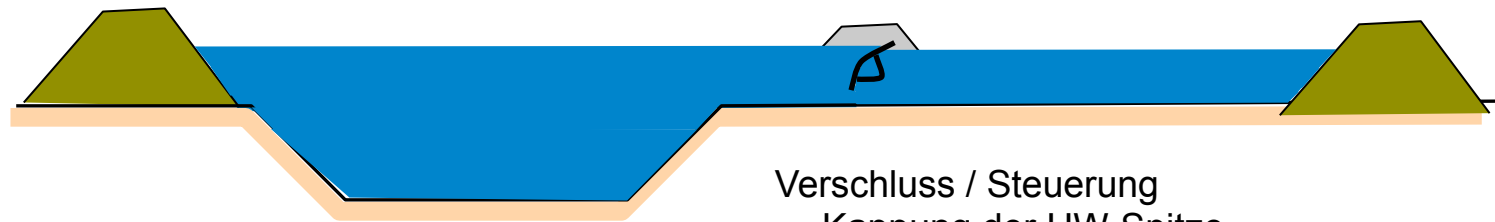
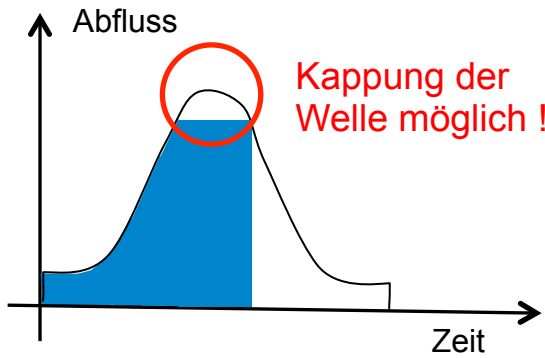


# Rückhalt im Nebenschluss

b) gesteuert



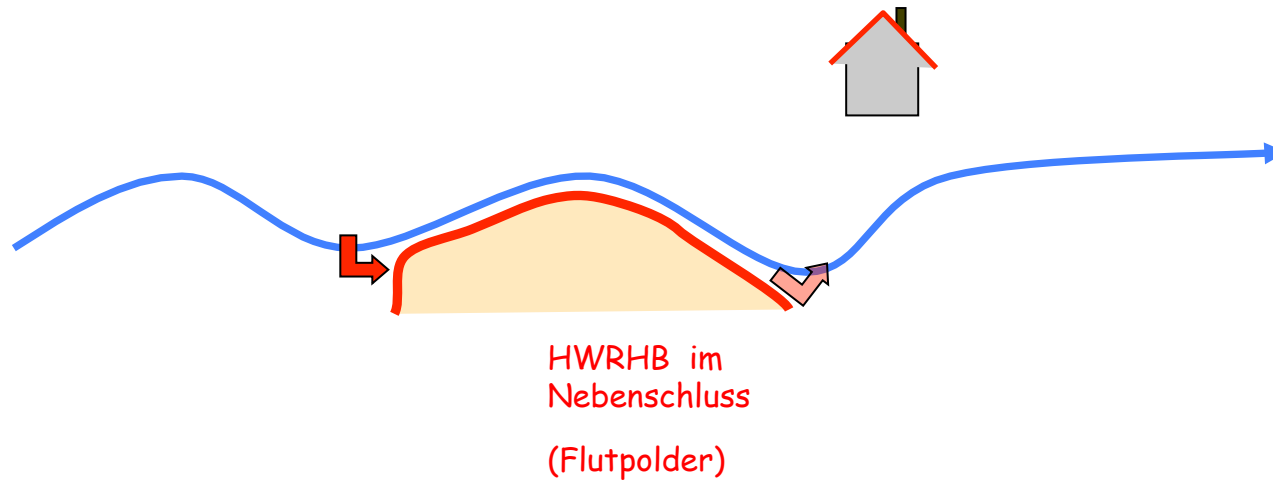
HWRHB im Nebenschluss  
(Flutpolder)



Verschluss / Steuerung  
→ Kappung der HW-Spitze



# Rückhalt im Nebenschluss



Volumen [Mio. m<sup>3</sup>] →  $\Delta Q$  [m<sup>3</sup>/s]

Hohe Rückhaltewirkung,  
abh. von

- Volumen [Mio. m<sup>3</sup>]
- Steuerung (inkl. Vorhersage)

# Gesteigerter Hochwasserrückhalt durch naturnahe Retentionsräume und technische Schutzmaßnahmen

Markus Aufleger  
Münchsmünster, 25.9.2015